

2. Examine the scope of workers' participation in management with reference to company law of Nepal.
3. Comment on the ratio enunciated by The Supreme court in Prakash Bahadur Singh vs. Nepal Match Company case by highlighting the contribution made by it in the development of company law in Nepal.
4. What do you understand by a company meeting. Show the difference between annual general meeting and extra-ordinary general meeting with reference to company law of Nepal ?
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Promoters of a company
 - b. Debentures of a company
 - c. Private and public company
 - d. Corporate liability
 - e. Company not distributing profit

Company & Corporation Law (524), 2070

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. State the nature of corporate personality of a company. State in what cases veil of corporate personality can be lifted by the courts.
2. Define a share. Discuss various kinds of shares and their respective rights of the shareholders comparing them with debenture holders.
3. Comment on the ratio enunciated by The Supreme Court in Bhuminanda Sharma Dawadi vs. Government case by highlighting the contribution made by it in the development of company law in Nepal.
4. What do you understand by corporate social responsibility? do you consider to observe these responsibilities?
5. Write short notes on the Three of the following:
 - a. Workers' participation in management
 - b. Foreign companies
 - c. Memorandum of Association of a company
 - d. Company meeting
 - e. Company not distributing profit

Company & Corporation Law (524), 2072

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What are the documents required for incorporating a public company? Are the documents required for the incorporation of a private company of the same nature or different? Discuss.
2. What is allotment of shares? When shares are considered as irregular allotment and what are its effects?
3. What is quorum? Explain the requirements of quorum for general meeting of a public company and a private company. Discuss the consequences of the absence of a quorum at a meeting.
4. Examine the decision of the Supreme Court in Tarini Prasad Adhikari vs. G.M. surya Bahadur, NKP 2065/1093 by outlining the facts and issues.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - (a) Transfer of shares and transmission of shares
 - (b) "Floating charge" and "fixing charge"
 - (c) Company Secretary
 - (d) Liquidator of a company
 - (e) Pre-incorporation contracts

4. Intellectual Property Law (510), 2058

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Examine the present status of Trade Mark Law of Nepal in the light of International legal regime of Trade Mark.
2. Explain the arrangements of WTO agreement on TROPS.
3. Explain the role and importance of WIPO.
4. What is Transfer of Technology? Discuss the provisions of foreign investment and Technology transfer act, 1992 in the importance and use of foreign technology in Nepal.
5. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
 - a. Copy right
 - b. Infringements of patents
 - c. Remedies available against the infringement of industrial design right in Nepal.
 - d. Shortcomings of patent, Design and trade mark act, 2022 (1965)

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2059

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Examine the position of intellectual property law in Nepal.
2. Give a brief account of international intellectual property regime.
3. Examine the relationship between WTO and WIPO.
4. Briefly examine the source of intellectual property law.
5. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
 - a. Technical knowledge
 - b. Transfer of technology
 - c. Copyright piracy
 - d. Goodwill

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2060

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Give the meaning of intellectual property law. Briefly discuss the various kinds of intellectual property.
2. Identify the exact position of copyright law of Nepal.
3. What is WIPO? What role WIPO will play in case of Nepal? Explain.
4. Shed light on TRIPS regime.
5. Write short notes on any 2 of the following:
 - a. Berne convention 1886
 - b. Transfer of Technology
 - c. Locarno Agreement 1968
 - d. Remedies available against infringement of Trade Mark right in Nepal.

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2061

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Discuss the concept of the intellectual property Rights (IPR). Briefly examine the various source of intellectual property law.
2. Give an overview of patent protection law of Nepal.
3. Find out the relationship between WIP and TO.
5. Explain the importance of Paris Convention 1883.
6. Write short notes on any 2 of the following:
 - a. Trade Mark law treaty
 - b. Kinds of copy right
 - c. Remedies available for the infringement of industrial design in Nepal
 - d. Goodwill and its protection in Nepal

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2062

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. How far the patent, Design and Trade Mark act, 1965 of Nepal compliments with the TRIPS? Examine.

2. Why Nepal should join patent Co-operation treaty? Give reasons.
3. Analyse the relationship between Paris convention, 1883 and Berne convention, 1886.
4. Analyse the enforcement system of copyright act, 2002 of Nepal.
5. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
 - a. Patentable subject-matter
 - b. Compulsory licensing
 - c. Broadcasting rights
 - d. WIPO

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2063

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Why is intellectual property law important for industrial development? Discuss.
2. What are the changes made by the copyright act, 2002 of Nepal to the earlier copyright act, 1965 of Nepal? Examine.
3. What is the role of patent law and why is it necessary?
4. What are the subject-matters of industrial design? Discuss.
5. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
 - a. TRIPS
 - b. WIPO
 - c. Trade Mark
 - d. Paris convention

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2064

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. What do you understand by Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)? Identify the various types of IPRs.
2. Discuss the scope of protection to a design under the Patents, Design and Trademark Act, 1965.
3. Explain legally whether there would be a copy right in the following and in whom it would vest:
 - a. A photograph
 - b. A Written lecture circulated to students
 - c. Question papers of Tribhuvan University

4. Discuss briefly the object of agreement on trade related aspects of intellectual property rights.
5. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
 - a. Performers' right
 - b. Patentable inventions
 - c. WIPO
 - d. Bern Convention

Intellectual Property Law (510), 2065

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. "Copyright is a multiple right consisting of bundle of different rights in the same work." Explain with illustrations.
2. Discuss the salient features of the law relating to Design protection in Nepal.
3. What is meant by 'neighbouring rights'?
4. Discuss the meaning and scope of intellectual property as conceived in the Agreement on TRIPs.
5. Write notes on any TWO of the following:
 - a. Procedure for obtaining a patent
 - b. Non-patentable inventions
 - c. Compulsory licensing
 - d. WIPO and Nepal

Intellectual Property Law (529), 2070

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Briefly show the interrelationship and basic differences between Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883 (as revised) and the TRIPs Agreement 1994.
2. Give a brief review of existing copyright law of Nepal.
3. What is Transfer of Technology? Explain it in the light of Foreign Investment and Technology Transfer Act, 1992 of Nepal.
4. Comment on the Facts, Issues and Ratio of Nurpratap Rana vs Department of Industry Tripureshwor Kathmandu et. al case.

5. Write short notes on the Three of the following:
- WIPO and Nepal
 - Rome Convention 1961
 - Sources of Intellectual Property Law
 - Scope of Electronic Transaction Act, 2006
 - Industrial Property

5. Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2058

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

- Discuss the purpose of the establishment of commercial Bank. Briefly outline the important functions of the present commercial banks of Nepal.
- Examine the legal regulation of Nepalese currency.
- What are Negotiable instruments? Distinguish between Cheques and bill of exchange.
- Show the difference between the roles of IMF and World Bank.
- Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - Stock Exchange securities
 - Bankers' Bank
 - Recovery of banking loan from an individual debtor.
 - Ratio of Bijaya Pratap Rana et. al vs. Krishi Bikas Bank Branch case.

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2059

Times: 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks: 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

- Explain the functions of Nepal Rastra Bank and also central bank of Nepal the role played by it in controlling the financial irregularities by the financial institutions.
- State the difference between the functions of commercial banks and agriculture banks of Nepal.
- What is Asian Development Bank? Explain its functions in brief.
- Explain the fact and ratio of the case Gagendra Man vs. Mahesworman.
- Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:

- a. IME
- b. Bank rate
- c. Negotiable instrument

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2060

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Explain the importance of banking system in the development of a country.
2. What is commercial Bank? Explain the functions of Nepal Bank Limited in brief.
3. Define currency. Briefly explain the importance provision of Foreign. Exchange Regulations act of Nepal.
4. Examine the relevancy of the ratio enunciated by the Supreme Court of Nepal in the case. G.M. Ananda-Bhakta Rajbhandari vs. Ballav Shamsar JBR in the banking sector.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Promissory Note
 - b. Guarantees
 - c. Bill of Exchange
 - d. Cross Cheque

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2061

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Discuss the powers and function of central Bank with particular reference of Nepal Rastra bank.
2. What are the importance of banking system? Explain the advantages of Agricultural Development Bank in Nepal.
3. Discuss the role of IMF and its functions.
4. Examine the importance of the ratio Purusottam Madwari vs. Nepal Bank Ltd.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Securities
 - b. Bank draft
 - c. Bill of Exchange
 - d. Bankers lien

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2062

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Trace out the historical development of banking system in Nepal.
2. What is the Central Bank? Examine its functions with reference to the economic development of Nepal.
3. Analyse the relevancy of the ratio laid down by the Supreme Court of Nepal in the case Bijaya Pratap Rana vs. Krishi Bikash Bank, in the banking sector.
4. What is international Monarcy fund? Examine its importance in the modern economic activities.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Securities
 - b. Bank draft
 - c. Asian Development Bank
 - d. Promissory Note
 - e. Bill of exchange

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2063

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Define a bank. Why is banking system importance in a country in the modern age? Discuss.
2. Discuss the role of Nepal Rastra Bank towards the development of economic activities on Nepal.
3. Examine the relevancy of the ratio laid down by the Supreme Court of Nepal in the case Gajendra Man Pati vs. Maheswor Man in the banking sector.
4. What is promissory Note? Compare its characteristic with that of bill of exchange.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Bank draft
 - b. Stock exchange securities
 - c. Asian Development Bank
 - d. Guarantee
 - e. Bill of exchange

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2064

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions including Q.No. 3 which is compulsory.

1. Trace out the historical development of banking system in Nepal.
2. Explain the role played by Nepal Rastra Bank for the economic development of Nepal.
3. Examine the relevancy of the ratio laid down by The Supreme Court of Nepal in the case Uma Agrawal v. Nepal Bank Ltd. Dubai Branch in the banking sector.
4. Define Promissory Note. Show the difference between the promissory note and Bill of Exchange.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the following:
 - a. Cheque
 - b. Stock Exchange Securities
 - c. International Monetary Fund
 - d. Guarantee
 - e. Bank draft

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2065

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Define a bank and explain the major function of various banks working in Nepal.
2. What are the major privileges and functions of Nepal Rastra Bank ? Explain.
3. What are the functions of commercial banks of Nepal ? Explain in brief.
4. What are the functions of agricultural development bank of Nepal ? Explain in brief.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. I M F
 - b. Asian Development Bank
 - c. Negotiable instruments
 - d. Stock exchange

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2066

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Trace out the origin and historical development of banking system in Nepal in brief.
2. What are the main provisions of law relating to foreign exchange regulations in Nepal? Explain.
3. Explain the policies and main functions of Agricultural Development Bank of Nepal in brief.
4. What do you mean by negotiable instrument? Explain importance in regulating currencies.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the following:
 - a. Bank draft
 - b. Asian Development Bank
 - c. Promissory notes
 - d. Bank securities
 - e. Bankers lien

Law of Banking & Negotiable Instruments (506), 2067

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What is a banking system? Explain its origin and importance in brief.
2. What do you mean by central bank? Briefly explain the major functions of the Nepal Rastra Bank of Nepal.
3. What do you mean by commercial bank? Do you think the commercial banks have played an important role in the development of Nepal? Explain.
4. What role has been played by Asian Development Bank in the over all development of Nepal? Explain.
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Agricultural development bank

- b. Guarantee
- c. Securities in the bank
- d. Promissory notes
- e. Cheques

Law of Banking (527), 2068

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.
Attempt any THREE questions.

1. How would you describe origin of banking system? Discuss the origin and establishment of banking system in Nepal in brief.
2. Discuss the monitoring role of Nepal Rastra Bank in light of the malfunctioning of some commercial banks in recent days in brief.
3. Describe and discuss the importances of letter of credit in trade and commerce in brief.
4. State the facts and comment the decision on the case of Board of Directors, Nepal Bank Ltd. et.all. V. Ragnath Agrawal, NKP 2044/998 (Auction).
5. Write short notes on any THREE of the followings:
 - a. Current account
 - b. Duties of banker
 - c. Promissory note
 - d. National saving bonds
 - e. Draft

Law of Banking (527), 2069

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.
Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Nepal Rastra Bank is the central bank of Nepal, comment on the role played by the bank as a central bank critically.
2. Discuss the major functions of commercial banks of Nepal and comment on the role played by the banks for the development of Nepal in brief.
3. What are the major objectives of the law relating to negotiable instruments of Nepal in brief?

4. What are the banking offences ? Discuss and describe the punishment to be given on such offences in brief.
5. Write short notesw on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Bank note
 - b. Draft
 - c. Cheque
 - d. Bank deposit
 - e. Debt

Law of Banking (527), 2070

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What are the importance of banking system? Explain with historical development of banking system of Nepal in brief.
2. Do you think the role of central bank has been playing appropriately by the Rastra Bank of Nepal in light of the problems faced by different banks and financial institution of Nepal in brief?
3. What are the major functional differences between commercial banks and Nepal Rastra Bank? Explain.
4. What are the problems of lending by the commercial banks explain in light of problems facing by the various banks while recovering the debt in brief? Discuss.
5. Write short notes on the Three of the following:
 - a. Debtor-creditor relationship
 - b. Bank deposit
 - c. Corporate guarantee
 - d. Bonds
 - e. ADB

6. Private International Law (507), 2065

Times : 1½ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Explain the various conditions for the enforcement of the Foreign judgement by a English Court.
2. Trace briefly the nature and scope of Private International Law in modern society.
3. What do you mean by essential validity and formal validity of a marriage? Are there different laws to govern these two aspects of marriage? Explain.
4. Discuss the Doctrine of "Renvoi" ad state the criticism of "Foreign Court theory".
5. Write short notes on any Two of the followings:
 - a. Choice of Law
 - b. Lex cause
 - c. Burden of Proff and Evidence
 - d. Legitimation of Children

Private International Law (507), 2066

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Distinguish between "Domicile of Origin and Domicile of Choice." Support your answer with suitable examples.
2. What do you mean by Doctrine of Renvoi? Discuss with some examples.
3. Write note on four principles which influence a court's decision to accept or deny jurisdiction.
4. Discuss briefly the difference between the forms "Essential Validity of Marriage and Formal Validity of Marriage.
5. Write short notes on any Two of the followings:
 - a. Choice of Law
 - b. Illegitimate child
 - c. Legitimacy and legitimation
 - d. Nationality

Private International Law (507), 2067

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What do you mean by the Doctrine of Renvoi? Critically examine the English and French Theory of Renvoi.
2. Differentiate between the terms "Private International Law" and "Public international law".
3. Explain the illustrate the difference between Domicile and Residence.
4. Explain the meaning of Adoption. Under what circumstances English Courts recognize Foreign Acts of Adoption.
5. Write short notes on any Two of the followings:
 - a. Lex Fori
 - b. Negotiable Instruments
 - c. Time and Mode of Action
 - d. Minority

Private International Law (528), 2068

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Define 'private international law' and discuss its nature and importance in brief.
2. What do you mean by Enforcement of the Foreign Judgement ? Enumerate the various conditions for the enforcement of foreign judgement by English court.
3. Define domicile and discuss various general principles of domicile in brief.
4. Write an essay on doctrine of Envoi in brief.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Burden of proof
 - b. Scare
 - c. Foreign penal laws
 - d. Conflict of laws
 - e. Direct enforcement

Private International Law (528), 2072

Times : 1.5 hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Define Private International Law and discuss its sources in brief.
2. What do you mean by jurisdiction? Explain action in personam and action in rem in a nut-sheel.
3. Furnish a suitable definition of renvoi and discuss its operation in brief.
4. Shed light on the rationable for recognizing foreign judgments. Discuss the practice of the Supreme Court of Nepal in this connection.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - (a) Lex loci
 - (b) Lex cause
 - (c) Minority
 - (d) Burden of proof and evidence
 - (e) Negotiable instruments

7. Population Law (310), 2061

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Examine the legal and customary provisions regarding male offspring from the yardstick of equality of sexes.
2. Assess the impact of marriage and marriage dissolution on a family.
3. Explain the main incentives and disincentives related to population stabilization in Nepal.
4. Identify the present position of population law of Nepal.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. Impact of incest, rape and prostitution in fertility
 - b. Fertility and marriage
 - c. Population dynamics
 - d. Abortion on population stabilization
 - e. Migration

Population Law (310), 2062

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Discuss the Nepalese law of inheritance and its impact on the size of the family.
2. What is marital dissolution? Assess its impact on fertility behaviour.
3. Differentiate between:
 - (a) Immigration and emigration
 - (b) Contraception and sterilization
 - (c) Bigamy and adultery
4. Examine the legal and customary provision with regard to women's participation in public life and decision-making.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. Juvenile Delinquency
 - b. Population Stabilization

- c. Demography
- e. Equality and fertility
- e. Equality of sexes

Population Law (310), 2063

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Briefly examine the provisions of Nepalese law with regard to women's public participation and decision-making.
2. Sketch a picture of Nepalese population law by highlighting its challenges.
3. Examine the impact of rape, bigamy, adultery, incest and prostitution on fertility or fertility behavior.
4. Assess the impact of labor law on the size of family.
5. Write shorts notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. Population stabilization
 - b. Juvenile Delinquency
 - c. Equality of sexes and population dynamics
 - d. Size of family
 - e. Distribution of economic measures

Population Law (310), 2064

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Discuss the meaning of population law. Identify the present position of population law of Nepal.
2. How do you consider abortion as a legal means of population stabilization in the modern world? Give your answer by referring in Nepalese law on abortion.
3. "Differentiate between immigration and emigration. Identify the present Nepalese law on immigration by explaining the purpose of this law.

4. Examine the impact of rape, bigamy, adultery, incest and prostitution on fertility or fertility behavior.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. Contraception and sterilization
 - b. Legitimacy of children
 - c. Population dynamics
 - c. Equality of sexes
 - e. Artificial insemination

Population Law (310), 2065

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Discuss the legal procedure for adopting a Nepalese child by a foreign spouse.
2. How far laws against sexual offences affect fertility? Discuss.
3. Examine the existing legal regulation of contraception and sterilization in Nepal.
4. Examine the existing legal provisions regarding male offspring from the yardstick of equality of sexes.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Population dynamics of migration
 - b. Abortion on population stabilization
 - c. Legal status of unborn child
 - d. Conjugal rights of prisoners
 - e. Influence of marriageable age on family

Population Law (310), 2066

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions, including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Identify the present position of population law of Nepal highlighting the major problems of it.

2. Examine the impact of law of taxation and law of inheritance on the size of the family.
3. Examine the present legal status of prostitution in Nepal.
4. Comment on the existing regulation of contraception and sterilization in Nepal.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the following:
 - a. Legitimacy of children born out of incest, rape and prostitution.
 - b. Migration
 - c. Conjugal rights of prisoners
 - d. Legality of abortion in Nepal
 - e. Equality of sexes and sonship

Population Law (310), 2067

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Discuss the development of population law in Nepal.
2. Explain how fertility is regulated in Nepal through law relating to contraception, sterilization and abortion.
3. What is the status of child under Nepalese criminal law ? Discuss.
4. Show the impact of law of migration on population dynamics.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Sonship and adoption
 - b. Influence of marriage on family
 - c. Conjugal rights of prisoners
 - d. Size of the family
 - e. Age of marriage

Population Law (530), 2068

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Discuss the importance of citizenship law for the study of population law.

2. Explain the existing legal provisions for adopting a Nepalese child by a foreigner.
3. What are the rights of Child? Briefly discuss how these rights are protected by law.
4. Comment on 'Equality and Gender Discrimination' with reference to the existing population law.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Contraception and abortion
 - b. Birth, death & other personal event
 - c. Consequences of migration
 - d. Right to basic health service
 - e. Marital dissolution.

Population Law (530), 2069

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. Discuss the causes and consequences of migration.
2. Is right to basic health service a fundamental right? Comment.
3. Discuss the role of Ministry of Population for population management.
4. Discuss the relationship between population and human rights.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Third sex
 - b. Judicial separation
 - c. Religion and fertility
 - d. Mobility
 - e. Family planning

8. Victimology (531), 2068

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. "Victimology is science which studies about victims and their rights." Do you agree with above saying? Discuss briefly conceptual development of victim justice system in Nepal.
2. What do you mean by victims of crime? How are they categorized? Discuss the main kinds of victims of crime.
3. Discuss the role of victim in criminal justice system. How are the rights of victim protected by our existing legal system? Discuss.
4. What kinds of role are played by the office of the Government Attorney and Nepal Police in protection and supports to the victims of crime in Nepal? Discuss.
5. Write short notes on any three of the followings:
 - a. Restitution
 - b. Impact of impunity in Nepal
 - c. Victim witness assistance
 - d. Rehabilitation of the victim
 - e. Truth commission

Victimology (531), 2069

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What do you mean by victimology? How has the concept of victimology been evolved in Nepal? Discuss.
2. Who are the victims of crime? Discuss the major categories of victims of crime.
3. How do you understand rights of the victims? Discuss main rights of victim protected by existing Nepali law.
4. Discuss the major role of state in providing victim support and protection.

5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
- Victim support system
 - Restorative justice
 - Truth commission
 - Compensation
 - Impunity

Victimology (531), 2070

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

- Define victimology. Discuss role and importance of victimology in modern Criminal Justice System.
- "Victim rights are not only protected by the law but victim should be supportive towards criminal justice system". Do you agree with the above statement? Discuss the major rights of victim protected by our existing law.
- What do you mean by victim of crimes? Differentiate between victim of crimes and victim of criminal justice system.
- Discuss the role of Nepal police in the protection and support of victim rights in Nepal.
- Write short notes on the Three of the following:
 - Reshma Thapa vs. HMG
 - Truth Commission
 - Restorative justice
 - Rape victims in Nepal
 - Impunity

Victimology (531), 2072

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

- "Victimology is science which studies about victims of crime and

- their rights." Do you agree with the above statement? Discuss briefly about conceptual development of victim justice system in Nepal.
2. What do you mean by victims of crime? How are they categorized? Discuss.
 3. How do you understand 'rights of the victim'? Discuss the major rights of victim protected by the existing Nepalese law.
 4. Discuss the role of governmental and non-governmental organizations in providing supports and protection toward victims of crime.
 5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - (a) Rehabilitation of the victim
 - (b) Restitution
 - (c) Victim witness assistance
 - (d) Impact of impunity in society
 - (e) *Shanti Bishwakarma vs. HMG, NKP 2061 o. 6 P. 769*

9. Professional Ethics & Lawyering Skills (523), 2069

Times : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Full Marks : 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any THREE questions.

1. What do you understand by Bar-Bench relations ? Discuss the professional ethics under the existing laws of Nepal.
2. Define legislative drafting and explain its general principles.
3. What are the different skills of a lawyer ? Explain briefly the communication skills of a lawyer.
4. Define and differentiate between public interest layering and accountancy responsibility of a lawyer.
5. Write short notes on any Three of the followings:
 - a. Notary public
 - b. Judgment in advocate *Narayan Prasad Koirala vs. Syangja District Court* and others
 - c. Legal aid
 - d. Role of Nepal Bar Council
 - e. Para legal services

Professional Ethics & Lawyering Skills (523)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 1.5 hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

All the questions are of equal value.

Attempt any Three questions.

1. Define professional ethics and explain the professional responsibility of lawyers towards client, opposite party, court, society and state.
2. What do you know about the court oriented pleading from complaint to execution? Discuss the skills of pleading.
3. Explain the trial advocacy skill in brief.
4. Define and differentiate between legal aid, legal literacy and para-legal services.
5. Write short notes on the Three of the following:
 - a. Judgment in advocate Lila Mani Poudel vs. Council of Minister Secretariat and other
 - b. Public interest lawyering
 - c. Role of disciplinary committee of Nepal Bar Council
 - d. Conveyancing
 - e. Notary public
