

1. ENGLISH EDUCATION

(a) English for Communication (Eng.Ed.321) Interdisciplinary

Exam 2068

Group 'A'

[14]

Attempt ALL the questions Tick the best answers.

- Before you can have attitude towards something, you need
 - action
 - feeling
 - information
 - opinion
- A function in communication refers to
 - a purpose for which an utterance is used
 - the role played by an utterance in a higher unit
 - communication that takes place in a mass
 - the ways how one communicates
- Which of the following is the most appropriate way of asking for information if you are talking to several people, and you are not sure who has the information?
 - I wonder if you could tell me if the flight is on time.
 - Can you tell me if the flight is on time?
 - Could anyone tell me if the flight is on time?
 - Do you know if the flight is on time?
- Which of the following is an informal way of taking leave?
 - Goodbye
 - See you latter
 - Cheerio
 - Bye-bye
- The expression 'Don't mention it' is used when someone is responding to
 - greeting
 - thanking
 - introducing
 - welcoming
- Which of the following can precede the expression 'Don't flatter me'?
 - Your room is fantastic!
 - I'm sorry.
 - Your room is too narrow.
 - You are welcome.
- Shall I call him for you? This question meant for
 - seeking a favor
 - offering a favor
 - offering sympathy
 - seeking permission
- How are you doing? Is same as
 - What are you thinking about?
 - A penny for your thoughts
 - What's wrong?
 - How are you?
- While stating disbelief; one might say
 - Trust me
 - I believe you
 - I see
 - You are kidding
- Dr. Pradhan can see you tomorrow afternoon. This statement is likely to occur in the context of
 - making booking
 - making appointment
 - advising
 - recommending
- To express preference, one might say
 - I'll take tea
 - Do you like ice cream?
 - I'll rather stay in a hotel than a hostel
 - I like the way he looks at me
- Relatively speaking, which of the following expressions conveys the lowest degree of probability?
 - It's about to rain
 - It will rain
 - It's going to rain
 - It may rain
- 'It's a promise' and have the same communicative function
 - I give you my word on that
 - I love it
 - I am happy to hear that
 - big deal
- While asking 'what is the opposite of polite?' the person is finding about
 - pronunciation
 - correctness
 - meaning
 - appropriateness

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. What communicative functions do the following expressions serve?
- Glad to meet you
 - Pardon me?
 - What a nice shirt!
 - I am, sorry to hear your father's death.
 - Let me carry your bag.
 - Come and join us.

OR

Match the forms and functions given below:

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) Can I close the window? | i. Asking to be quiet |
| b) Do me a favor will you? | ii. Telling not to worry |
| c) What does inflation mean? | iii. Cautioning |
| d) Shut up! | iv. Seeking permission |
| e) Don't be upset! | v. Encouraging |
| f) Keep it up! | vi. Asking for explanation |
| g) Mind your head! | vii. Seeking favor |

2. Here is a conversation between you and your mother

You: Mom, Can I go out with Karan tomorrow night?
 Mother: Tomorrow is Saturday, isn't it? No, you can't go.
 You: Oh, Mom. I'll finish my homework early.
 Mother: No. I forbid you to go out.
 You: Mom, why?
 Mother: You know the rules in this house. You can't go out on a weekend.
 You: OK. Thanks.

Now write it to Karan.

3. Prepare a toast proposal for your 21st birthday.

OR

4. Choose any two dictionaries or any two books on the same topic and compare them.
 A cricket match which you were watching, has just been over. At that time your friend calls you on your cell phone as he/she to know about the match. Compose a telephone conversation between you and your friend.
5. State any three ways of specifying and any four ways of generalizing.

OR

6. Construct a dialogue between an officer and a typist about typing a report.
 Describe a local festival including your impression and evaluation.

Group 'C'

2×12=24

7. Write an account of a book fair. Include number of stalls, types of books, types of visitors, sales of the book and suggestions for the organizers and recommendations for the university students.
8. Construct a short conversation in two exchanges for the situations below:
- A father and a daughter are jogging together. The daughter is getting tired and is falling back.
 - You and one of your fellow office workers are talking about working conditions
 - A student is asking his teacher about how to use 'child's ad 'kid'

Exam 2069

Group "A"

Attempt all the questions. Tick (✓) the best answers

- Take care of your self refers _____
 - greeting
 - farewell
 - vocative
 - suggestion
- 'Merry Christmas' is an example of.
 - expressing good wishes
 - expressing greetings
 - introducing Christmas
 - attracting attention
- What does this statement express? 'You did a great job, Sujit.'
 - congratulating
 - thanking

- c. praising
d. expressing condolence
4. 'Are you OK?' is an example of
a. seeking information
b. checking with choice
c. seeking favours
d. checking
5. Which of the statements expresses 'ordering'
a. You are Gajendra, aren't you?
b. Would you mind waiting here!
c. Hurry! Hurry up!
d. Calm down.
6. 'If I were you, I would buy a car' is a statement to express
a. regression
b. satisfaction
c. advising
d. willing
7. The person who answers the telephone gives his/her
a. surname first
b. address first
c. initial name first
d. message first
8. How do you respond if somebody says you 'How do you do?'
a. I'm fine.
b. I'm fine and you?
c. As usual.
d. How do you do.
9. 'First open the key, then go through the corridor and find a box what does this statement do?
a. Describe a place
b. Describe a thing
c. Instruct a person
d. Advise person to reach to the box
10. 'Nepal will firm its constitution by 2011' is a
a. decision
b. prediction
c. intention
d. doubt
11. Which of the following sentences expresses 'reminding'?
a. Harry is the tallest in our class
b. Please, do not forget
c. Where is the bathroom?
d. To whom it may concern.
12. A: May I speak to director, please?
B: May I ask who is calling, please?
The second exchange above is meant for
a. permission
b. inquiring
c. surprising
d. describing
13. 'Keep on pushing!' means.
a. Push it to further
b. Push it forcefully
c. keep something on and push
d. continuous pushing
14. 'Oh! Wow!' is used to express
a. amazement
b. likes and dislikes
c. enjoyment
d. encouraging

Attempt all the questions.

Group "B"

6×7=42

1. What is the difference between grammatical function and communicative function?
2. Write any seven functions of language that express 'socialising'

OR

Write what communicative functions do these sentences express:

- a. Welcome to Baglung.
b. Can I have your attention, please.
c. I really appreciate for your help
d. Hey!
e. What did you say?
f. I am sorry to hear that.
g. Would you like to join in a party?
3. Write a conversation (in about eight exchanges) between you and your friend expressing sympathy.
4. What do you understand by 'comparison'? Make sentences using these exponents.
a. than.
b. compared to

- c. more
- d. By and large
- e. All in all

OR

Write seven sentences about your view of your personal future, use expressions of certainties, plans and intentions.

5.



Suppose, you meet a stranger at church who wants to go to the stadium. Now, instruct him/her to reach to the stadium easily.

6.

You want to go to Pokhara. Now call the Nepal Airlines Office and book your ticket for coming Saturday.

OR

Instruct a foreigner using modal verbs, what he/she can/can't do/ bring while coming to your locality in a paragraph.

Group "C"

2x12=24

7.

You, as a student of Communicative English give some instructions and write some sentences to improve the English language in such countries where English is not their first language.

OR

"A form may express different functions and a function can be expressed by different forms" illustrate this statement with examples.

8.

What would you do if you were in the following situation? (Write a conversation.)

"You want to run for President of your English class; you want to get support from other classmates."

Exam 2070

Group "A"

14

Attempt All the questions. Tick (✓) the best answer.

- The role of any linguistic element in the structure of sentence is called
 - Communication function
 - Grammatical function
 - Exponent
 - Discourse function
- Which of the following expressions is not used for persuading?
 - C'mon, John, look inside.
 - Give it a try
 - go on, open your present.
 - Don't give up.
- The expression "Keep your chin up" indicates the function of
 - Encouraging
 - Offering praise
 - Offering credit
 - Offering compliments
- "No, I don't mind." This expression is used while
 - Asking for permission
 - Giving permission
 - Denying permission
 - Making a request
- "Dr. Aley told me to watch the operation carefully." This expression serves the function of
 - Asking
 - Direct reporting
 - Indirect reporting
 - Clarifying
- Which one of the following expressions is not used for 'specifying'?
 - To be more specific ...
 - to be exact
 - Here is a specific case ...
 - to my mind

7. When one says "He makes me sick.", he/she is
 - (a) Expressing likes
 - (b) Expressing dislikes
 - (c) Expressing surprise
 - (d) Expressing boredom
8. The expression "You don't go to school today, do you?" has the function of
 - (a) Seeking permission
 - (b) Seeking information
 - (c) Seeking confirmation
 - (d) Checking with a choice
9. Which one of the following expression is used to express 'indignation/anger'?
 - (a) You burn me up!
 - (b) This is hopeless!
 - (c) You're beyond belief!
 - (d) You are bothering me!
10. "How is the word 'disaster' pronounced?" has the function of
 - (a) Finding out about spelling
 - (b) Finding out about stress
 - (c) Finding out about meaning
 - (d) finding out about pronunciation
11. The communicative function 'expressing intentions/plans' comes under
 - (a) Socializing
 - (b) Making a query
 - (c) Expressing intellectual attitudes
 - (d) Imparting factual information
12. The expression, "Good fortune be with you." has the function of
 - (a) Wishing good luck
 - (b) Encouraging
 - (c) Urging
 - (d) Showing indifference
13. Which of the following precedes 'Don't mention it'?
 - (a) Can I help you?
 - (b) Please have a glass of milk
 - (c) Thank you.
 - (d) I wish I could go with you.
14. the expression, 'If it's no trouble for you, is likely to occur while
 - (a) Offering something
 - (b) Declining an offer
 - (c) Making a request
 - (d) Accepting an offer

Group "B"

6×7=42

Attempt all the question.

1. Explain with examples how one form may serve several functions and conversely, how one function may be realized by several forms.
2. List any seven functions of language that come under 'expressing intellectual attitudes' and also write two exponents to represent each function.

OR

3. Write seven different forms (exponents) describing your satisfaction and dissatisfaction. Make a telephone conversation with your friend persuading him/her to join your college.

OR

Give an alternative for each of the following:

Example: give it a try.

Try it.

- (a) It was satisfactory.
- (b) for instance
- (c) Be quite.
- (d) Super!
4. What communicative function is served by each of the following expressions?
 - (a) Fatigue means tired.
 - (b) Mary asked where the party was.
 - (c) From my point of view....
 - (d) I like you very much.
 - (e) Proof-read this for me, will you?
 - (f) Excuse me....
 - (g) Do you mind if I smoke?
5. Illustrate the following functions in two different ways:
 - (a) Drawing inferences
 - (b) Defining
 - (c) Expressing ability
 - (d) Praising
6. Write a description of your family in about 150 words.

OR

Describe your experience of the first day at your teaching career.

Group "C"

2×12=24

7. Write brief conversations for the following situations.
 - (a) A friend of yours recently lost a brother in a motorcycle accident. You meet her by chance in the supermarket.
 - (b) You are at a friend's house talking about your vacation plans. You are becoming thirst.
 - (c) You are at work, and you want to ask your boss if you can have tomorrow off.
8. Narrate an interesting story that you have recently read or heard.

Write a description of a person you admire most.

Exam 2071

Group "A"

Attempt ALL the questions. Tick (✓) the best answers.

- The results of B. Ed. 3 year examinations are out. One of the candidates doesn't find his / her name in the list of the successful candidates which of the following texts is he/she likely to utter on the spot?
 - Fantastic!
 - I'm sorry!
 - Oh, damn it!
 - Never mind!
- The expression "Oh, leave me alone." serves the communicative function of..... sympathy
 - rejecting
 - offering
 - accepting
 - asking
- Which of the following expressions can't be used for asking clarification/ expanding a point?
 - What does 'Robert' mean?
 - What's the meaning of fruity?
 - What do you mean by that?
 - Is there anything I can do for you?
- The use of expressions like "The first thing you have to do is" and "The next thing you do is" shows
 - directing
 - suggesting
 - instructing.
 - advising
- Which of the following Wh-questions seeks information about frequency?
 - How much do you buy?
 - How long do you work every day?
 - How far is it to the market?
 - How often do you go to the cinema?
- Which of the following expressions can't be an exponent of apologizing?
 - I beg your pardon
 - Sorry about that
 - I apologize
 - Forget about it
- Which of the following expressions is used while announcing?
 - Can I have your attention, please.
 - Hurry up, will you.
 - Would you please stand up!
 - Keep quiet.
- "That's all right." is said while
 - granting forgiveness
 - expressing approval
 - agreeing
 - expressing appreciation
- "Would you mind opening the door for me?" is closest in meaning to
 - Would you mind if the door is open?
 - Could you please open the door for me?
 - Could you remind me to open the door?
 - I don't mind keeping the door open, do you?
- When one says "Shall I stay at home or go to a movie?", he/she is
 - seeking information
 - asking for explanation
 - asking for permission
 - checking with a choice
- Which of the following expressions does not express annoyance?
 - I'm fed up with your demands
 - You're driving me crazy
 - Don't worry about me.
 - That man is impossible!
- Where will one normally hear "One coke please!"?
 - In the bus
 - At the home
 - In a restaurant
 - In a school;
- Which of the following utterances is the most formal way of greeting?
 - Hi
 - Hello
 - Good morning
 - How do you do?
- Which of the following functions is expressed by "It's upon God."
 - condolence
 - responding to condolence
 - sympathy
 - responding to sympathy

Group "B"

7×6=42

1. State and illustrate the SIX main communicative functions as identified by Van EK. Make a call to a dentist and ask for an appointment.

OR

Write a dialogue between you and your friend who comes to be in a bad temper. Find out his/her trouble and try to calm him/her down. Use three for four exchanges only.

3. Explain what an exponent in language is. Also write down at least six exponents that show 'requesting'.

OR

Describe a place which you have visited recently.

4. Supply the exponents of the following functions.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. Offering sympathy | b. Accepting a complaint |
| c. Seeking information | d. Asking for favour ... |
| e. Offering help | |
| f. Showing a strong negative reaction | |

5. Imagine that you have won a lottery of 10,000,000. What would you do with the money?

OR

Call one of your friends and tell him/her that you will not be able to join the campus picnic because of some unexpected problems at home.

6. Put the following sentences in the order of high to low degree of probability.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. It's going to rain. | b. It's likely to rain. |
| c. It may rain. | d. It's certain to rain. |
| e. It might rain. | f. It will rain. |

7. Show the difference between communicative function and grammatical function.

Group "C"

2×12=2

8. Describe the process of making an omelette or driving a motor bike

OR

Narrate an interesting story that you have recently read or heard from somebody else.

9. State any six moral and emotional functions and then supply two exponents of each of them.

Exam 2072**Group "A"**

14

Attempt ALL the questions. Tick (V) the best answers.

1. It's possible to contact her, but it won't be easy." Here the speaker is stating
 a. probability
 b. ability
 c. need
 d. attempt
2. Which of the expressions is the most polite form while asking for permission?
 a. Mind if I smoke?
 b. Is it all right if I smoke?
 c. I'd like to smoke, OK?
 d. Would you mind if I smoke?
3. A polite way of declining an invitation could be
 a. No, please
 b. I'm afraid I cannot
 c. Not at all
 d. With pleasure
4. The form is the internal structure; the internal patterning is what is known as
 a. linguistic analysis
 b. linguistic meaning
 c. linguistic function
 d. linguistic form
5. Which of the following statement best expresses the idea of Take it easy?
 a. Don't worry.
 b. You don't have to worry.
 c. Don't sweat it.
 d. Don't let it bother you
6. "Do we have a deal?" denotes
 a. arguing
 b. asking for a promise
 c. sympathy
 d. asking for agreement
7. You are most likely to say "Heads up!" when you are someone
 a. cautioning
 b. advising
 c. instructing
 d. scolding
8. "I'll go along with that." means that the speaker is
 a. leaving
 b. ordering
 c. suggesting
 d. agreeing

9. "I'm tired of hearing your excuses." expresses the communicative function of
 a. expressing tiredness
 b. accepting an apology
 c. rejecting an apology
 d. granting forgiveness
10. "That's very unlikely" denotes.
 a. agreement
 b. disagreement
 c. dislike
 d. disapproval
11. Which of the following statement is inappropriate in the contest of welcoming someone?
 a. Pleased to meet you.
 b. I am glad to meet you.
 c. Nice to meet you.
 d. I like to see new places.
12. No, I won't. Thank you. This expression usually follows
 a. Will you have a cup of tea?
 b. Can I Help you?
 c. How about some more rice?
 d. Don't feel sorry for me.
13. Informal party given by your boss, he asks you take some more food, but you feel that you can't eat any more.
 What would you say to decline his offer?
 a. No I can't eat any more.
 b. Thanks.
 c. Thank you, but I've already had enough.
 d. No thank you.
14. The expression "Walk straight until you see a clock tower on your left" is heard when someone is
 a. ordering
 b. generalizing
 c. directing
 d. recommending

Attempt ALL the questions.

Group "B"

6×7=42

1. Distinguish between linguistics competence and communicative competence.
 2. Provide an exponent to each of the following functions:
 a. Greeting
 b. Asking for information
 c. Requesting
 d. Expressing lack of interest
 e. Expressing ability
 f. Expressing absence of knowledge
 g. Identifying persons

OR

Match the following forms and functions:

a. Do you follow me?	i. expressing ability
b. Are you sure?	ii. telling not to be angry
c. Cross the road	iii. Approval
d. I love her	iv. Directing
e. What a marvellous play	v. Checking
f. Getting angry won't help	vi. asking for confirmation
g. She can drive well	vii. expressing likes

3. Write a live commentary of a basketball / table tennis match.
 4. Mention any seven ways of requesting someone to open the door.

OR

Write a telephone conversation between you and your friend about your plan to see a movie on Saturday.

5. You see a man snatching a lady's hand bag and running away Describe the man to the police.
 6. Write a dialogue between a student and a teacher.
 The student has just completed his SLC examination, and has come for advice regarding further study.

OR

You don't know when to use "How do you do?" You are asking your teacher.

Group "C"

2×1=24

7. Describe any village or city in about 250 words.
 OR
 Describe a man / woman you admire most, in about 250 words

8. Explain what is meant by communicative functions and exponents. Choose any one specific communicative function each of the eight broad communication functions given in course and then give one exemplary exponent for each of communicative functions you have chosen.

(b) Literature for Language (Eng. Ed. 331)

Exam 2068

Group 'A'

20

Attempt ALL the questions.

Tick the best answers.

- A literary work concentrates on the single episode or situation and, as a general rule, has only two or three characteristics is called
a) an essay
b) a tragedy
c) a one act play
d) a comedy
- Which of the following writers is a dramatist?
a) Francis Bacon
b) Bertrand Russel
c) Emily Bronze
d) Wendy Wasserstein
- "Full fathom five thy father lies."
Which of the following prosodic features is missing in the above line?
a) interline rhyme
b) alliteration
c) interline rhyme
d) sound rhyme
- Figurative language is language which
a) does not always mean what it says
b) uses words in their standard sense
c) means what it says
d) uses plain words for weighty messages
- The central idea that runs through the content of a literary text is the
a) diction
b) theme
c) plot
d) symbol
- The Elizabethan age in English literature produced
a) essayists and novelist
b) dramatists and critics
c) novelists and dramatists
d) dramatists and critics
- Which of the following activities can be carried out under while reading stage of reading poetry?
a) guessing the meaning
b) summarizing the text
c) comprehending the textual questions
d) making interpretation of the text
- The primary aim of teaching literature to language class is
a) to develop learner's linguistics competence
b) to develop their life-long taste in literature
c) to make them think like literary in literature
d) to make them great literary figures
- "Oh, my love is like a red rose." Is an example of a/an
a) parado
b) simile and alliteration
c) satire
d) personification
- Wendy Wasserstein basically is the dramatist of
a) nepotism
b) civil war
c) made chauvinism
d) women's experience
- The essential quality of poetry is
a) meditation
b) narration
c) interaction
d) persuasion
- Who is an assistant to Jeroboam in the drama "The Trials of Brother Jero"?
a) old prophet
b) chume
c) trader
d) the angry woman
- What did the narrator decide after the Boy Magazine could not pay for his comic strip?
a) he declared to be a confirmed comic-strip artist
b) he declared not to be a comic-strip artist
c) he confirmed that the job was secured

14. d) he was going to be a business man
Fountains in the Rain was written by
a) Moris Lurie
c) T.S. Eliot
b) V.S. Naipaul
d) Yukio Mishima
15. According to Maris Gallant, style in writing is
a) the author's thumbprint
b) the author's expression of life
c) the readers mental status
d) the way how an author perceives this world and its people
16. A Recollection of a Journey to Stratford-upon-Avon is an example of a/an
a) dialogue
c) travelogue
b) monologue
d) meta fiction
17. Heidi is a/an
a) English novel
c) Swiss novel
b) Russian novel
d) German novel
18. Who is the main character in the novel Time Mimic Mec?
a) Ralph Singh
c) V.S. Naipaul
b) Ram Singh
d) Suraj Prasad
19. According to Carl Sandburg, the great work of the world is done through
a) monarch
c) emperors
b) people
d) council of ministries
20. Christina Rossetti's poem 'Confluents' is an example of a/an
a) sonnet
c) lyric
b) ode
d) satire

Attempt ALL the questions.

Group 'B'

[8×7=56]

1. How does the language of poetry differ from that of prose? Illustrate your answer.
2. Justify the following text as a poem and answer the questions asked below:

If I were a poet
I'd write poems for you.
If I were a musician
Music too.
But I am only an average man
I give you my love
As best what I can.

Questions:

- a) Who wrote this poem?
b) What is the title of this poem?
c) What would the speaker do if were a poet?
d) Does this stanza have regular rhyming pattern? What do the words: you and too; man and can create?
e) As an average man, what does the poet wish to do?

OR

Read the following extracts of a novel and answer the questions asked below:

"Yes, of course, if it is fine tomorrow," said Mrs. Ramsay. "But you'll have to be up with the lark." She added, "But," said his father, stopping in front of the drawing room window, "it won't be fine."

Questions:

- a) Which of the novel do these extracts belong to?
b) Who is the listener of these extracts?
c) What does Mrs. Ramsay tell her son?
d) What does Mr. Ramsay respond when his wife utters these initials lines?
e) Where is Mr. Ramsay standing in the initial description of the novel?
4. What are the elements of short stories? How do they differ from those of novels in terms of plot, character and dialogue?
5. Write short notes on any TWO:
a) Three unities of drama
b) The postmodern age in English literature

6. c) Female novelist in 19th century
 What message does Langston Hughes want to convey through the poem "What Happens to a Drama Deferred"? Discuss!

OR

7. What picture of African women does Wole Soyinka want to convey through the drama 'The Trials of Brother Jero'? In what way it is different from the status of women in Nepal?
 7. What was the ambition of the narrator in 'My Greatest Ambition'? Was he successful to achieve his ambition? Give reasoned answer.
 8. In what way does Flannery O' Connor define art? What may be different purpose of writing according to her?

OR

"The role of youths in the present democratic republic of Nepal is important". Do you agree with this statement? Explain in brief on the basis of the essay Democracy and the Youth.

Group 'C'

2×12=24

9. Who do you think is the most memorable character in the novel 'The Kite Runner'? Give reasons.

OR

What are the strategies of teaching poetry? What different activities do you suggest under these stages? Explain with example.

10. What are the salient literary features of the 'Romantic Age' in English literature? Discuss the major contributions of Wordsworth and Coleridge with reference to his period.

Exam 2069

Group 'A'

[20]

Attempt ALL the questions. Tick the best answers.

- Love is as strong as death
 - prosody
 - parody
 - simile
 - pun
- The essential quality of drama is
 - mediation
 - solution
 - narration
 - interaction
- "The words are lovely dark and deep
 But I have miles to go before I sleep."
 Here, the two words: deep and sleep don't make
 - sound rhyme
 - intra-line rhyme
 - full rhyme
 - inter-line rhyme
- Meter, a prosodic feature, is based on
 - Alexander Pope
 - Shakespeare
 - Wordsworth
 - W.B. Yeats
- Which of the following is an indicator to make brother Jero a phroper?
 - inborn thick and longhair
 - scared-thread
 - trimmed goatee
 - soft and polite voice
- One of the main reason of using literature in language classroom is
 - because it has the use of figures of speech
 - because it is interesting
 - because it has the use of ambiguous language
 - because it is valuable authentic material
- Which of the following activities can be carried out under post-reading stage of teaching poetry?
 - reading the text in a normal speech
 - summarizing the text (i.e. poem)
 - guessing the name of an author
 - describing the usual language features used in a poem/a text.
- Wendy Wasserstein basically is the dramatist of
 - male chauvinism
 - nepotism
 - women's experience
 - civil war
- The setting of the drama A Talk in the Park is
 - North America
 - Russia
 - England
 - South Africa
- In a drama Dream on Monkey Mountain, who commits the mistake like drinking and mashing up Alciorador Cafe?

- a) Souris
c) Tiger
- b) Corporal
d) Makak
11. How does the poet Siddhi Charan Shrestha in Shine, O Youth, Shine encourage the youths to move ahead?
a) by lighting the lantern during the mid-day
b) by swelling their chest, using all their force
c) by bending down their knees
d) by burning down the effigy
12. "O! Child
Your stomach is a den of lions
roaring day and night
The aforementioned lines of Osawald Mtshali's poem The Face of Hunger refer to
a) the description of developing countries suffering with starvation
b) the description of lion and its habitat
c) the lifestyle of people in developed countries
d) the miserable condition of women just giving birth to their children
13. In the poem Keeping Things Whol, Mark Strand speaks
a) in favour of fragmentation
b) in favour of segmentation
c) in favour of separation
d) against fragmentation
14. According to the story "The Death of Iran Ilych, after the death of Ivan, his wife felt that her major concern was.....
a) how she could obtain a grant of money from the government
b) to maintain her life after the death of Ivan and commit next marriage
c) to hide the realities of his death in front of publics
d) to become a veteran betrayer
15. David Leavitt's essay The Way I Live Now, has emphasis on
a) love and natural heritages
b) the memory of his childhood experiences
c) possibility of catharsis in trouble times
d) his memorable impression of youths
16. According to Edward Said, one of the underlying dogmas of westerners to orientalists is
a) orient is developed, civilized and modern
b) orient is fundamentally destructive
c) orient is underdeveloped, inferior and incapable
d) all of the above
17. Which of the following factors prevail in the mind of Ralph is responsible to bring unexpected results in the novel?
a) the external factors like the power of Britishers
b) the common people and their roles in Isabella
c) the mental duality that he could behave neither like Indians nor Britishers
d) in political environment he faced when he was elected
18. The novel Hiedi was published on
a) 1879
b) 1889
c) 1888
d) 1881
19. In the novel The Kite Runner Amir and Hassan were
a) brother and sister
b) childhood friends
c) medical activists of the first world war
d) lover and loved of their time
20. The death of Bir Bahadur as the unknown martyr is
a) relevant
b) a great achievement
c) a great sacrifice for the nation and its people
d) unusual

Attempt all questions.

Group "B"

8×7=56

1. The use of literature in language teaching can be productive or counter-productive. Do you agree with it? Give reason and answer.
2. Write short notes on any two of the following:
a. Romance and satire as two modes of drama
b. Sonnet as a form of poetry
c. Developing language skills through reading English poetry

OR

"We shall soon get to the top now. You must walk bravely on a little longer, and take good long steps, and in another hour we shall be there." Explain with reference to the context.

3. Read the following text and answer the questions asked below: A day comes but once in an era.
 At brings changes, helter-skelter, topsy-turvy
 The mute and weak begin to speak
 The lips of those who stiffer start to move
 Those who were thought to have slept
 Will steadily begin to walk.

Questions:

- How often does a special day come according to the poet? [1]
 - Who wrote the aforementioned stanza of a poem? [1]
 - What happens when a day comes but once in an era? [1]
 - What do you think would be the title of this poem? [2]
 - Does the poet speak in favour of the change? What would it be: reformation or radical change? [2]
4. In the drama *The Man in a Case*, which of the characters between byelinkov and Varinka do you like the most and why?
5. Why did the mother believe to the little old man? What was the result of it in the story *The Umbrella Man*?
6. Describe the internal and external factors which made Ralph Singh unsuccessful in his journey of politics and business?
7. Describe Soprano's emotional attachment with her mother's boots. How is her mother Different from other women?
8. What according to Makak, are his race and denominational affiliation? What is he accused of? How far has the blame on him been proved?

OR

What are the various possible techniques of teaching short stories? Explain any two of them with examples.

Group "C"

2×12=24

9. Describe the novel *The Kite Runner* as a narrator's recollection of childhood memories about his friendship and betrayal.

OR

What are the various stages of teaching drama? What different activities do you suggest to be carried out under each stage? Illustrate your answer.

10. Point out the main characteristics of the Elizabethan Age in English literature. Also discuss the major contributions made by William Shakespeare and Edmund Spenser.

Exam 2070

Group "A"

[20]

Attempt ALL the questions.

Tick (✓) the best answers.

- Who is dramatist of human existence?
 - George Bernard shaw
 - John Osborne
 - Samuel Beckett
 - Christopher Marlowe
- The romantic Age in English Literature laid emphasis on
 - social norms and values
 - war and bloodshed
 - fashionable world
 - imagination and emotion
- One of the reasons of introducing literature in language teaching is
 - literary texts has the use of dialects
 - literary texts display the varieties of language use
 - literature doesn't have the use of communicative language.
 - literature has the use of figurative language.
- The essential quality of fiction is
 - narration
 - meditation
 - interaction
 - persuasion
- The woods are lovely dark and deep. Which of the following prosodic features is found in the above underlined words?
 - metre
 - foot
 - alliteration
 - assonance
- Which of the following poems was written by a war poet wilfred Owen?
 - Valentine Poem
 - A Day Comes Once

7. c. The Lost Children
In a drama 'Dream on Monkey Mountain,' the character Makak belongs to
a. Hindu Religion
c. Protestant
8. The English essay originated with the sixteenth century French writer.
a. Montaigne
c. Ruskin
9. The setting of the story 'The Death of Ivan Ilyich' is
a. North America
c. great Britain
10. Who says, 'Style in writing is the author's triumph'?
a. George Eliot
c. V.S. Naipal
11. Ralph Singh is the character of
a. Heidi
c. The Mimic Men
12. One of the features of lyric poem is
a. brevity
c. objectivity
13. Which one of the following four literary features basically distinguishes poetry from prose?
a. Symbolic
c. Prosodic
14. Which of the following statements is more relevant about the poem 'What Happens to a Dream Deferred'?
a. the poem refers to a dream of whites
b. it refers to a dream of black people and now the dream is vanished
c. the blacks always have the same dream
d. it is a recurring dream which haunts all the black people.
15. What was the ambition of the narrator in 'My Great Ambition'?
a. to become a tragedian
b. to become a war veteran
c. to become an artist of human psyche
d. to become a comic strip artist
16. Which of the following texts is an example of travelogue?
a. A Recollection of a Journey to Starford Upon Avon
b. Fountains in the Rain
c. Democracy and the Youth
d. Sister Imelda
17. What is true according to John Cheever in his essay 'Why I write Short Stories'?
a. Literature is the first distinction of a civilized man
b. a short story is the story of an in sane
c. narrative writings cannot contribute to our understanding
d. a great literature is always narrative
18. How does George Orwell attempt to present the people of Burma?
a. brave, intelligent and independent
b. empty minded, insane and uncivilized
c. yellow faces, evil spirited little beasts etc.
d. open bearded, intelligent and brave
19. What is true about the novel 'The Kite Runner'?
a. it presents the pictures of backward communities
b. it recollects the narrator's childhood memories about his friendship betrayal
c. it presents his pleasant past and bitter present
d. it presents his difficulties he faced while running kites in a common
20. Who believes that the great work of the world is done through / by people?
a. Christina Rossetti
c. V.S. Naipal
- d. Anthem for Doomed Youth
b. Roman Catholic
d. Buddhism
b. Francis Bacon
d. Carlyle
b. Russia
d. South america
b. Leo Tolstoy
d. Maris Gallant
b. Confluents
d. Fountains in the Rain
b. lengthy
d. reliability
b. Aesthetic
d. Rhetorical
b. D.G. Rossetti
d. Carl Sandburg

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. What is the importance of using drama in language teaching? Explain in brief.
2. In what way does the use of literature support the language learners to develop language skills? Explain your answer with examples.
3. Read the following text of a poem and answer the questions asked below:
As rivers seek the sea,
Much more deep than,
So my soul seek thee
Far away:
As running rivers moan,
On their course alone
So I moan
Left alone.
Questions:
a. Who wrote this poem?
b. What is the title of this poem?
c. What kind/type of poem is it and why?
d. Name the figures of speech used in the poem?
e. What is referred by the pronoun 'thee'? when does the poetess moan?

OR

Write short notes on any TWO:

- a. Tragedy as a form of drama.
 - b. Eighteenth century English prose
 - c. Ballad poem
4. List out the effective techniques of teaching essay and explain any two of them with examples.
 5. How does Varinka in 'A Man in a Case' describe the public reputation of Byelinkov? What is the reason after such description?
 6. What is the corpora's charge against Makak? How does Makak attempt to present him as innocent? What happens then?

OR

In a story 'The Death of Ivan Ilych' what was the major concern of Praskovy for her talk with Peter Ivanovich? What did Ivan Ilych say before he died?

7. What are the inherent characteristics of democracy? Explain your answer on the basis of the essay 'Democracy and the Youth'.
8. Discuss briefly on Virginia Woolf's art of fiction and mention how are these techniques used in a novel 'To the Lighthouse'.

OR

Describe the life of Heidi, especially, after she was brought to Frankfurt (Germany) of her aunt Dete.
Group "C" [2 × 12 = 24]

9. Describe 'The Kite Runner' as a narrator's recollection of childhood memories about his friendship and betrayal.
10. Prepare a lesson plan to teach the poem 'Weathers' by Thomas Hardy to the students of grade ten.

OR

What are the salient literary features of the Victorian Age in English literature? Explain your answer with reference to the contribution of Lord Tennyson, Robert Browning and Matthew Arnold.

Exam 2071

Group "A"

20

1. The primary aim of introducing literature in language class is
 - a. to make the students write literary cannons
 - b. to develop language skills in them
 - c. to develop their life-long taste in literature
 - d. to develop cultural competence in them
2. The essential quality of drama is
 - a. interaction
 - b. meditation
 - c. aesthism
 - d. narration
3. The Victorian Age in English literature is basically known for

- a. emotion and imagination
b. desire for knowledge and power
c. social realism
d. free verse
4. Which of the following activities can be carried out under post reading stage of reading poetry?
a. matching the words with their meanings
b. guessing the meaning
c. comprehending the textual questions
d. creative writing
5. Dramas in language classroom are basically useful to develop learners
a. skill to narrate the events
b. oral performance
c. literary skills
d. comprehensive skills
6. 'Point of view' in literary texts, especially in novels, refers to
a. narrative technique
b. the way how an author perceives the message
c. the way how plots and sub-plots are developed
d. the end of the events
7. Which one of the following is more relevant to 'postmodernism' in literature?
a. several possibilities of reality in literary writings
b. the singularity of meaning in literary texts
c. more readers but uniformity of meaning
d. meaning(s) of the texts is determined by the authors
8. Which of the following best defines a Sonnet?
a. A short, self-contained poem of 14 lines
b. A letter in verse addressed to a mend or patron
c. A long poem about the deeds of heroes
d. A poem expressing noble feeling, often in the form of
9. Which of the following best defines a Sonnet
a. G.M. Hopkins, T.S. Eliot, W.B. Yeats
b. Rupert Brooke, Siegfried Sassoon, Wilfred Owen
c. John Galsworthy, G.B. Shaw, Ted Hughes
d. W.B. Yeats, Harold Pinter, Samuel Beckett
10. The Mirac Men8 was published in.....
a. 1960
b. 1972
c. 1967
d. 1948
11. Virginia Woolf is best known for
a. dramatic monologue
b. flash back technique
c. metafiction
d. fiction of soil
12. 'Flash back' in a novel is a/an
a. fictional story
b. point of view
c. approach
d. technique
13. Who did Heidi Stag with after she was brought to Frankfurt (Germany) by her aunt Dele?
a. Johanna Spyri
b. Clara
c. Aim-uncle
d. the doctor
14. What is true about Hassan in 'The Kite Runner'?
a. Hassan is the narrator of the story
b. Hassan is constantly tormented by children in the town
c. He is the son of Baba and Sanaubar
d. He is the son of Ali and Sanaubar
15. The Unknown Martyr' is the picture of.....
a. the war and conflict - stricken labourer toiling in the eastern-city of Nepal.
b. war vetrans losing their life for change
c. cruel rulers who are in favour of the war
d. military personnels getting for war affairs
16. As described in 'The Day They Burned the Books', what was unusual with Mr. Sawyer ?
a. nobody could make out what he was doing
b. he was not a stranger man and his activities were transparent
c. he could show everything gentlemanly

- d. he was suffering with headache
17. Time and again, what does Makak say in this statement ?
 a. he says that he is not innocent
 b. he presents his statement with evidences
 c. he says that he is an old man and loves going home
 d. he states that he is still young enough and can carry as many wives as he
18. What is meaningless in life according to Siddhicharan Shrestha in "Shine, O Youth Shine ?"
 a. to become dependent of other
 b. to give birth to slavery in a new way
 c. to live a thousand years in dark inside and outside
 d. to spend the life under slavery
19. The skin was pale and taut,
 like a glove on a doctor's hand.
 Which of the following figures of speech is found in the aforementioned lines?
 a. simile
 b. circumlocution
 c. limric
 d. pun
20. According to the essay 'Said and Orientalism', orient is the source of ...
 a. power structures
 b. fashionable world
 c. romance and satire
 d. ancient texts, literature, traditional culture and anthropology.

Attempt ALL the questions

Group "B"

8×7=56

1. What distinctive about the language of literature ? Explain with examples.
 2. The use of literature in language teaching can be productive or counter productive. Give reasons and answer.

OR

Discuss briefly the importance of introducing literature in language teaching.

3. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
 a. prosodic features b. three unities of drama c. epic poem
 4. How does the poet attempt to view our life in a poem 'Keeping Things Whole'? Explain.
 5. What are the techniques of teaching drama ? Explain three of them with examples.

OR

Describe the feelings that Bharati Mukharjee and towards Danny and Rosie.

6. How does Byelinkov in 'The Man in a Case' attempt to present himself as a responsible man ? Does he connect it with his public reputation ?
 7. Describe the behaviour of the old man after he had exchanged his umbrella with a pound.

OR

According to Flannery O' Connor, how has fiction changed since the eighteenth century ? What is the difference between writing a novel and writing a short story ?

8. According to Tirtha Shrestha, what does 'lahure flower' symbolise ? Why does he want to change the name of the flower ? Explain.

Group "C"

2×12=24

9. 'The Mimic Men' is all about identity crisis, sense of alienation, inability to connect with others and a sense of loss. Explain.
 10. What are the stages of teaching short story ? What different activities do you suggest to carry out under these stages ? Explain.

OR

What are the salient literary features of the 'Elizabethan Age' in English literature? Explain your answer with reference to the contribution of representative writers of the age.

Exam 2072

Group "A"

20

Attempt ALL the questions. Tick (V) the best answers.

1. A literary work concentrates on a single episode or situation and, as a general rule, has only two or three characters is called.

- a comedy
c. a tragedy
2. Which of the following writers is a poet?
a. Wendy Wasserstein
c. Wilson Harris
3. The Elizabethan age in English literature produced
a. dramatists and critics
c. essayists and novelist
4. Copying a short story could be helpful to develop
a. speaking skill
c. writing skill
5. The primary aim of teaching literature to language class is
a. to develop learners' linguistics competence
b. to develop their life-long taste in literature
c. to make them think like literary writers
d. to make them great literary figures
6. "Oh, my love is like a red, red rose." is an example of a/an
a. parado
c. personification
7. A Girl by the Roadside was composed by
a. V.S. Gurung
c. Robert Burns
8. Heidi is a/an
a. English novel
c. German novel
9. The Elizabethan Age refers to the forty-five year period of the reign of Queen
a. Elizabeth I of England
c. Elizabeth I of Great Britain
10. Language of literature the language which is used in other fields such as science, sports and law.
a. different from
c. inferior to
11. Reading or studying literary texts
a. is a limited and useless skill
b. will help students to understand and appreciate other types of text
c. will discourse students to real other types of texts
d. does not improve the students overall knowledge of the language
12. Epic simile is also called the.....
a. choric nature
c. setting
13. Which of the following statement does not support legends?
a. Legends are practical, biographical and historical
b. The protagonist is a human being
c. They are more authentic
d. They are theoretical, philosophical and seriously religious
14. The English essay originated with the sixteenth century French-writer
a. Montaigne
c. Carlyle
15. Which of the following is is not the forms of fiction and novels?
a. Psychological fiction
c. Novel of ideas
16. Which of the following essays demands an accurate knowledge of the place or a thing or a person?
a. Narrative essay
c. Descriptive essay
17. In a drama 'Dream on Monkey Mountain', the character Makak belongs to
a. Hindu Religion
c. Roman Catholic
- b. one act play
d. an essay
- b. Emile Dickinson
d. Maysi Gallant .
- b. novelist and critics
d. novelist and dramatists
- b. reading skill
d. listening skill
- b. simile and alliteration
- b.V.S.Rai
d. William Blake
- b. Russian novel
d. Swiss novel
- b. Elizabeth II of England
d. Elizabeth II of Great Britain
- b. superior to
d. the same as
- b. meditation
d. Homeric simile
- b. Francis Bacon
d. Ruskin
- b. Gothic novel
d. Fabliau
- b. Expository essay v
d. Reflective essay
- b. Protestant
d. Buddhism

18. The logical sense relation between different part of a text is called
 a. unity
 b. coherence
 c. cohesion
 d. organization
19. Which of the following is not the aims and objectives of teaching literature?
 a. to teach authentic language through literature
 b. to teach stylistics
 c. to teach the target culture through literature
 d. to teach ELT
20. The short story "Lullaby" is written by
 a. Leslie Marmon Silko
 b. Mary Broden
 c. Pradip Menyangbo
 d. Luigi Pisanello

Attempt ALL the questions.

Group "B"

8x7=56

1. What are the elements of drama? Discuss briefly.
 2. What are the techniques of telling a story? Explain briefly.
- OR
- What is tragic - comedy? Explain.
 3. What are the features of the language of literature?
 4. Discuss briefly the following text of literature in language teaching.
 5. Read the following text of a poem and answer the questions asked below:

Oh my brothers and sisters Who live in the hills and the towns,
 I have laid one garland at your feets,
 A garland of my devotion.

Questions:

- (i) What is the title of this poem?
 (ii) Who wrote this poem?
 (iii) Who is the listener of this stanza?
 (iv) Where did the poet lay the garland?
 (v) What does the garland signify?

OR

Write short notes on any TWO:

- a. Cohesion and coherence
 b. Non-textual text
 c. Post-modern age in English literature
6. What are the techniques of teaching short story? Explain briefly.
 7. What was the ambition of the narrator in My Greatest Ambition? Was he successful to achieve his ambition? Answer with reasons.

OR

Describe the life of Heidi, especially, after she was brought Frankfurt.

8. According to Cheever, what can be the 'raw materials' for short stories?

Group "C"

2x12=24

9. What is literature? How does it differ from other kinds of writing?

OR

Prepare a lesson plan to teach 'I know a Man' by Robert Creeley to the student of grade ten.

10. What are the salient literary features of the Victorian Age in English literature? Explain your answer with reference to the contribution of John Keats and P.B. Shelley.

(c) English for Mass communication (Eng. Ed. 333) Elective

Group A

Exam 2068

Tick (✓) the best answers.

Group 'A'

14

1. When an individual communicates with himself or herself as monologues, it is known as
 a) private communication
 b) mass communication
 c) interpersonal communication
 d) intrapersonal communication

2. For communication to take place, both the sender and the receiver of the message must understand
 - a) spoken language
 - b) sign language
 - c) written language
 - d) the code
3. Which of the following views of stylistic differences between speech and writing looks at the modes of communication in variable contexts of use?
 - a) opposite views
 - b) continuum view
 - c) cross-over views
 - d) contradictory view
4. Which of the following conceives communication as linked to such terms as sharing, participation, association, fellowship or the possession of a common faith?
 - a) the transmission model
 - b) the publicity model
 - c) the ritual model
 - d) the reception model
5. In the context of Nepal, which of the following media has the highest coverage and is reliable?
 - a) Radio
 - b) Telephone
 - c) Newspaper
 - d) Television
6. Which of the following is the most important determinant of 'news'?
 - a) Timeliness
 - b) Negativity
 - c) Impact
 - d) Proximity
7. Which of the following is likely to result in plagiarism?
 - a) avoiding the source of information
 - b) attributing the information to the source properly
 - c) placing the words of someone else in quotation marks
 - d) identifying the source of information when needed.
8. Which of the following is the appropriate headline of a newspaper?
 - a) two houses were gutted
 - b) two houses gutted yesterday
 - c) two houses gutted
 - d) two houses have been gutted
9. For those holding a dissentient views of women's speech, which of the following is not generally used to refer to women's speech?
 - a) Talk
 - b) Gossip
 - c) Nag
 - d) Chatter
10. The way in which a text echoes or refers to another text is known as
 - a) compatibility
 - b) intertextuality
 - c) imagery
 - d) collocation
11. The idea or feeling generated by a sign or symbol in our mind is called
 - a) the signifier
 - b) the signified
 - c) the icon
 - d) the iconic signifier
12. Communication through writing a letter is an example of
 - a) face-to-face interaction
 - b) mediated quasi-interaction
 - c) monological interaction
 - d) mediated interaction
13. Translating the meaning of a text from one language into other is known as
 - a) intralingual translation
 - b) interlingual translation
 - c) multilingual translation
 - d) transliteration
14. Which of the following statements is not true of translation and interpreting?
 - a) translation is written whereas interpreting is oral
 - b) a translator can use reference materials whereas an interpreter cannot
 - c) only a translator is involved in translation but two language speakers are involved in interpreting
 - d) immediate feedback is possible in translation but it is not possible in interpreting

Attempt ALL the questions.

Group 'B'

6×7=42

1. Define the term 'communication' and discuss the different types of personal communication.

OR

Discuss in brief the boundaries of media discourse.

2. What do you mean by the term 'genre'? Describe the components of Hymes's (1972) SPEAKING grid of genre analysis.
3. Write short notes on any TWO:
 - a) Group dynamics
 - b) Live commentary