

# 1. Compulsory English I Paper (201)

## Exam 2066

Level: Bachelor/I Year/Humanities

Time: 3 hrs

Full Marks: 100

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. Summarize in one paragraph the main idea of the story 'The Great Answer' by Fulton Oursler Or the poem 'To His Coy Mistress' by Andrew Marvell. [5]
2. Circle the correct choice in the following: [5]
  - a) The data clearly show/shows that he is mistaken.
  - b) The criteria in the case as we applied is/are mistaken.
  - c) Nepal is facing crisis/crises of enormous proportion.
  - d) Tribhuvan University has thousands of alumnus/alumni.
  - e) In a beehive, the queen has many offspring/offsprings.
3. Apply the four levels of meaning to 'The Sword of Damochles' (Greek Legend) Or 'A painful Case' by James Joyce. [10]
4. Read the essay "Life Without Chiefs" by Marvin Harris in the following framework: [4×5=20]
  - a) For Marvin Harris, was the subsequent transformation of most human societies, into states and then empires a slide or an ascent?
  - b) Can human beings remain unruled?
  - c) Does headman depend on persuasion or on commands?
  - d) How do you compare life style as given in the essay with the life style in your location?
5. Discuss the essay "Scientific Inquiry: Invention and Test" by Carl G. Hempel, as a conceptual scheme about the nature of science which can be applied to ordinary situations as well as some literary works. [10]

OR

Discuss "The and Now: Finding My Voice" by Elaine H. Kim; the Korean – American child's feelings as outsider in the American Schools.
6. Write a short summary of one paragraph on Human Cloning. OR Hassan and Amir's relation in the Kite Runner. [6]
7. Write a paragraph on:  
Your best friend remarkable quality. [6]

OR

Nepali Films.
8. Give definitions of any five works and use each in one sentence: [8]  
simile, metaphor, symbol, mesotonic, endotonic, ecotonic, personality.
9. Write an essay on English Education in Nepal OR Tourism in Nepal.  
Apply the basic five paragraph rule of essay writing including introducing introduction, body of essay and conclusion. [15]
10. Write a checklist for revising the 1<sup>st</sup> draft of your essay and sketch the organization 1 of 5 paragraph essay. [15]

## Exam 2067

Time: 3 hrs

Full Marks: 100

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. Summarize the idea of the poem 'Where the Mind is Without Fear' or 'Piano' in one paragraph. [5]
2. Edit the following sentences. [5]
  - a) I love him so much, Intelligent and kind.
  - b) I can understood why a system build on a pattern must tries to destroy the free mind.
  - c) I love you to, Mohan.
  - d) I don't like him no more.
  - e) As Ragini say, to love, live and learning is such a different art.

3. Apply the four reading levels to "If Not Higher" by I.L. Peretz or "A Tale" by B.P. Koirala. [10]
4. Analyze the essay "The Good Example" in the following frame: [4×4=20]
  - a) Discuss it as a satire on education.
  - b) Compare 19<sup>th</sup> century Mexican education with the 250<sup>th</sup> century Nepali education.
  - c) Compare the instruction method used in the "The Good Example" with another essay "The Library Card."
  - d) Give your perspective as to what kind of education will be appropriate.
5. The essay "Life is Sweet at Kumansenu" can be seen as a statement about the power of love. [10]

OR

- "The Four – Tusked Elephant" by Ammand Devis is not only a story of scientific discovery, but also a story of high adventure and single minded pursuit of truth.
6. Write a paragraph on:  
Your father's or mother's habits and ambitions or Nepali music. [6]
  7. Give one paragraph summary of "Cherries for my Grandma" or "The Face of Beauty." [6]
  8. Define any five words and use each of these words in one sentences. [8]  
endomorph, mesomorph, ectomorph, plot, theme, irony, satire.
  9. Write a descriptive essay giving your ideas on the topic. What are the causes of poverty? How can people climb out of poverty? Apply five paragraph rule of essay writing including introduction, body of essay and conclusion. [15]
  10. Answer any three in one paragraph each. [15]
    - a) teaching of brain storming
    - b) sketching/organizing an essay
    - c) prewriting activities
    - d) reading for writing
    - e) editing process/focus
    - f) working with language

### Exam 2068

Time: 3 hrs

Full Marks: 100

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. In the following sentences, circle the correct underlined options. [4]
  - a) The data clearly show/shows that he is mistaken.
  - b) The criteria we applied in this case is/are mistaken.
  - c) Nepal is facing a crisis/crises of enormous proportions.
  - d) Tribhuvan University has thousands of alumnus/alumni.
2. "The Brave Little Parrot" can be interpreted as an advice to you about how you should conduct your own life. Explain what this advice might be. [5]  
(The Brave Little Parrot)

OR

- Scientists often test the accuracy of hypothesis, or an educated guess. What was Denis's hypothesis? [5]  
(The Four Tusked Elephant)
3. Describe some differences between life in contemporary cities like Kathmandu and Dharan, and life in a typical hunter-gathered society? Which probal reasons lead people living in small societies of 100 people or so to be more generous than people living in cities? [10]  
(Life Without Cities)
  4. Summarize the basic plot of Achebe's story in one paragraph. [5]  
(Marriage is a Private Affair)

OR

- In one paragraph, write the story of Dadhichi and the war between the war between the gods and the demons. [5]  
(The Lunatic)
5. Apply the four levels of interacting with texts to "Piano" OR "To His Coy Mistress". [15]
  6. Write a short essay on "Arranging a Marriage in Nepal." [10]

7. Match the words in column 'A' with their definitions in column 'B'.

[6]

A	B
copyright	a desire
monitor	too great
grasping	relating to practical affairs
pragmatic	the exclusive legal right to an artistic work
urge	fully understanding
excessive	check for a particular purpose

8. Many people have claimed that the fashion, cosmetics, and advertising industries are promoting an impossible standard of beauty, one that very few people can meet. What are some possible reasons for their promotions of an unrealistic standard of beauty? What are the effects on people and society? [10]
9. Write an essay in about 250 words about the time in your life when felt your writing more interesting. Try to appeal as many as senses as possible in your description. [15]
10. How were the students in your school classified? Do you think this system worked well? In what other ways could students be classified? [5]
11. Imagine that there is a scientists who proven that he can make a drug that would cure all human disease. The vital ingredient of the drug, however, must be taken from a perfectly healthy child and this would die as a result. Write an essay in which you argue for or against the production of the drug. [5]

### Exam 2069

Time: 3 hrs

Full Marks: 100

Attempt ALL the questions.

- Supply the plural forms of the following: [5]  
thesis, louse, goose, fungus, formula, ass, thief, loaf, radius, tomato.
- Interpret the poem "Piano," or "To His Coy Mistress" in one lone paragraph. [5]
- Anuradha Chaudhary warns us: if we fail to take decisive action, if we fail to bring about fundamental changes in our ways of thinking and doing politics, we just might sink and drown. Why does the author warn her readers in such a harsh manner? Give reasons for your answer. (How Safe Are We?) [10]
- In one paragraph, summarize the basic plot of "The Cabuliwallah," Or the "The Brave Little Parrot." [5]
- Apply the four levels of interacting with texts to "Lunatic" Or "Where The Mind is Without Fear". [15]
- Write a short story essay in about 200 words on Negative effects of "Television on children's attitude and behaviours" [10]
- Look at the underlined words in each sentence. Write the meaning of the word in the blank. [5]
  - George is quite shy and introverted. He hardly ever socializes with other students.  
Introverted means.....
  - George's twin brother, Alex, is just the opposite. He is friendly and extroverted.  
Whenever I see him at a party, he is always talking to lots of people.  
extroverted means.....
  - George and Alex came to my party last month. Alex circulated all evening, talking to some people for a while and then moving on and talking to others. George just stayed on the couch and talked to one or two people. He didn't circulate at all.  
Circulate means.....
  - Usually, George does not go to parties. He always says that he is sick. I think his illnesses are psychosomatic. No one can have many colds in one year!  
Psychosomatic means.....



- e) Have you seen George yet? What a metamorphosis! He grew about three inches over the summer. He is very thin now and much more social. It's as if he is a different person!  
Metamorphosis means.....
8. Describe an important people from your childhood. What did you like/dislike about the person? What kinds of things did you do together? Write down several examples to appeal different senses. How did this person help or teach you? Do you still think about this person? In what situations? [10]
  9. Imagine that you have some scars on your face and some deformity in your left leg. Now write an essay in about 250 words about how you were discriminated in public places and in your college. [15]
  10. Write a long paragraph expressing your opinions about using surveillance equipment in a hotel you are staying. [5]
  11. Write a five-paragraph argumentative essay about the ethics of using pirated DVDs of Nepali films and music videos. [15]

### Exam 2070

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

#### New-Course

#### Attempt all the questions.

1. Summarize the main idea of the story "If not higher" by I.L. Peretz or the essay "Third Thoughts" by Lucas. [5]
  2. Edit the following sentences. [5]
    - a. Dr. Adhikari's views on abortion is quite disturbing.
    - b. Your face resembles that of your father who was tall.
    - c. this problem easy to solve.
    - d. At this point of time, want to go home.
    - e. Padma procrastinate about where he ate dinner.
  3. Apply the four reading levels to "the Cricket" or "The Cabuliwallah." [10]
  4. Analyse the poem "King John and the abbot of Canterbury" in the following frame: [4×5=20] [10]
  5. Plato's "Phaedo" is about the eternity of the soul. Discuss. [10]
- OR
- "The Good Example" is a satire on late 19th century Mexican education system. discuss.
6. Write a paragraph on:  
Your favourite sports or Film. [6]
  7. Give one paragraph summary of "The face of Beauty" or of "The Human Cloning Debate" [6]
  8. Define any five of the following words and use each of them in your own sentences. [8]
 

Blistering, dwindle, commandments, reckless, vindication, redemption, deformity
  9. Write an analytical essay on a fiction you have recently read or a film you have recently watched. Apply the basic five paragraph rule of essay writing including introduction, body of essay, and conclusion [15]
  10. Write short notes on any three of the following: [3×5=15]
    - a. Paraphrasing
    - b. Reading for writing
    - c. Identifying argument
    - d. Organizing an essay

- e. Transitional expressions between sentences
- f. Refusing an argument

#### Old Course

1. Write an essay on the advantages, and disadvantages of civilization [15]  
Write a report on the "Campus Day" celebration to be published in the campus magazine.
2. Give the full form of the following abbreviations used in the dictionary: [10]  
adj, adv, fml, n, pL, pp, prep, sb, sth, v.
3. What differences do you notice between the American and the Chinese way to life in Kingston's "Girlhood among Ghosts"? Discuss. [15]

OR

- What makes the plot of Lucille Fletcher's play "Sorry, Wrong Number" capture the reader's undivided attention?
4. Interpret Theodore Roethke's poem "My papa's Waltz" in any way you like. [10]
  5. Apply the 'four levels of interacting with texts' to Rao's "Yudhishthira's wisdom" or Martin's "The Brave little Parrot." [15]
  6. Retell the story of Chekhov's "Who was to Blame?" or "The Lady with the Dog" in your own words. [15]
  7. summarize the poem "To His Coy Mistress" or "King John and the Abbot of Canterbury" [15]
  8. Edit the following sentences: [5]
    - a. If the baby doesn't like raw milk, boil it.
    - b. French cooking is their chief claim to fame.
    - c. When the poinsettias turn red reminds me of winter.
    - d. The town, which I grew up in, only had one school.
    - e. While out on a jog last night Kirti broke my apartment.

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

#### Alternative English (201)

#### Current Course

Attempt all the questions.

1. Lekhnath Paudyal, Balkrishna Sama, and Lakshimprasad Devkota were the three most important Nepali writers of the first half of the 20th century. Reflect briefly on their writings and argue whether you agree or disagree with the statement. [15]
2. Explain any two with reference to the context. [2×10=20]
  - a. Go now, arise, for others may die.  
alas, how can they live?  
("To the poet Devkota": Kavi Devkotai)
  - b. I do not want to sleep today.  
Wake me up! Wake me up!  
(Midday and the Cold Sleep". Madhyahn Din Ra Chiso Nidra)
  - e. Sleep, Nepali, sleep,  
it is not yet time to rise.  
("Before the Dawn": Bihana Hunubhanda Pahile)
  - d. And there are the cooing destitutes,  
piercing the heart, shedding tears of blood:  
flocks of doves.  
("What's in the Bastard Hills?": Sata Pahadmem Kya Hai?)
3. Comment on any five of the following short stores: [5×6=30]
  - a. Bishweshwar Prasad Koirala; "To the lowlands" (Madhestira)

- b. Bhavani Bhikshu: "Will He Ever Return?" (Tyo Pheri Pharkala?)
  - c. Shivkumar Rai: "The Murderer" (Jyanmara?)
  - d. Poshan Pande: "A Sweater for Brother-in law" (Bhinajyuko svetara)
  - e. Tarini Prasad Koirala: "It Depends Upon Your Point of View" (Drishtikon)
  - f. Parashu Pradhan: "A Relationship" (Sambandha)
4. Write on the role of Prithvi Narayan Shah in the creation of modern Nepal. [15]
  5. Introduce in brief Maharaja Bir Shamsheer and discuss his activities. [10]
  6. Write short notes on any four of the following: [4×2.5=10]
    - a. Adinath
    - b. Arjun
    - c. Daulat Bikram Bista
    - d. Chaudhuri
    - e. Daura -suruwal
    - f. Parbatiyas/ People of the Mountains

#### New Course

Attempt all the questions.

1. Discuss in detail the evolution of Nepali essay writing as a form of Nepali literature and describe about its different phases. [15]
2. Read the story "The Soldier" by B.P. Koirala as a good example of psychological story? What elements of psychological story are noted in this story? [15]
3. How does Daulat Bikram Bista use the technique of portrayal in the story "The Andhikola"? [10]
4. Explain any three with reference to the context: [3×7=21]
  - a. How much longer can I go on  
in my tattered coat and patched up jacket  
holding together heaven and hell?  
Tell me, oh respected friend.  
with such an evening in my arms,  
Should I earn my daily bread.  
Or should I write a poem?  
(Should I Earn my Daily Bread, or  
Should I write a Poem?)
  - b. Arriving home, he lies a wake until mid night,  
then in his dream his dead wife appears.  
bringing the child; he once had  
The child comes wailing so its father's lap,  
like a hopeless glimpse of money  
changing hands in Indrachowk Square.,  
Briefly, a lovely lamp brightens his hovel,  
and it becomes a palace.  
(The fiddle ! Sarangi)
  - c. Love does not die, you have to kill it,  
You must begin with the strength of my end.  
Now here is the rest of my letter.  
now here is the rest of your phoenix  
Life companion, here for you  
is the remnant of all my love.  
(A Sick Lover's Letter to Her Soldier)
  - d. When you were born,  
I hoped to find his shadow in your soft face,  
his beauty in your lovesome smile.



his soft voice in your baby talk,  
but that sweet song has not made you its flute  
though in my youth I had dreamt  
That you yourself would be him.  
But he will come, whatever be falls us  
a mother speaks for all creation,  
I know this is not idle dream.  
(I Mother's Dream)

5. Point out remarkable qualities of essay writing of Shankar Lamichhane. What is specific in his style? [10]
6. Comment appropriately with suitable examples on any four of the following: [7.5×4=30]
  - a. Kishor Pahadi as a modern fiction writer.
  - b. It is said Dhruva Chandra Gautam introduced new venue in Nepali prose writing.
  - c. "A Splendid Buffalo" of Ramesh Bikal as social criticism.
  - d. Bhavani Bhikshu: "Marying Badusaheb's Coat" its main idea and presentation.
  - e. Poetic qualities of Banira Gir

## २. अनिवार्य नेपाली (२०१)

Exam 2066

समय: ३ घण्टा

पूर्वार्ध: १००

उत्तीर्णाङ्क: ३५

१. कुनै एक प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: ५
  - (क) रेखाङ्कित शब्दहरूबाट अन्त्यमा सोधेअनुसारका एकएक शब्द छानेर लेख्नुहोस्:
 

एउटा कविले जतिसुकै कविता रच्ने पनि उसको कवित्वको घित मर्दैन। त्यस्तै एउटा लेखकले जतिआटा किताब लेखे पनि, गायकले जतिसुकै गीत गाए पनि, रङ्गकर्माले नाटकमा जति भूमिका खेले पनि, निर्माताले जतिसुकै सिनेमा निर्माण गरे पनि अनि एउटा चित्रकारले जतिसुकै चित्र कोरे पनि उनीहरूको मन सन्तुष्ट हुँदैन।

अ. लेख्य र उच्चार्य रूप एकै हुने  
आ. लेख्य र उच्चार्य रूप बेग्लै हुने  
इ. द्वित्व: उच्चारण हुने  
ई. अजन्त उच्चारण हुने  
उ. हलन्त उच्चारण हुने
  - (ख) तलका शब्दको अक्षर सरचना र संख्या समेत देखाउनुहोस्:
 

ओखलढुङ्गा, अक्षय, ग्यास, पन्ध्र, अनीश्वरबारी
२. तलको अनुच्छेदलाई शुद्ध गरी साँुहोस्: ५
 

राष्ट्र भाषाका पुस्तक प्रकाशनमा साझा प्रकाशनको सबभन्दा महत्त्वपूर्ण योगदान रहेको छ। यस समस्यालाई नेपाली भाषा प्रकाशनी समितिको प्रतिनिधी भन्न सकिन्छ। तर व्यापारिक संस्था भएको कारणले एसका प्रकाशनमा नाफा नोक्सानको प्रश्न उभिनु स्वाभाविक हुनाले तत्काल फाइदा नहुने उच्चइस्तरीय पुस्तक प्रकाशन हुने स्थिति छैन।
३. रेखाङ्कित शब्दको शब्दवर्ग छुट्याउनुहोस्: ५
 

हामीले व्यक्तिगत, दलगत र पेसागत हकहितका बारेमा धेरै कुरा गरिसक्यौं। अब एकचोटि राष्ट्रिय हितका बारेमा पनि सोच्ौं। सीमित स्रोतबाट असीमित माग पुरा गर्नुपर्ने हाम्रो देशमा के यस्तो कुनै निर्णय छ जुन सर्वपक्षीय र विवादरहित हुन सक्छ?

४. तलका गब्बको निर्माण प्रक्रिया देखाउनुहोस् । ५
- अध्यावश, लावारिस, थमीती, दर्शनीय, वक्तव्य, तवल्ली, मौन्दर्य, आधुनिक, जोतारो, खाना ।
५. तृतीय पुरुष सर्वनामको षष्ठी विभक्तिका सबै लिङ्गको एक वचनका रूप लेखी तिनलाई वाक्यमा प्रयोग गर्नुहोस् । ५
६. वाक्य तत्वहरूको उचित सङ्गति निलाई कन्तीमा पाँचओटा अभ्यस्त पक्षका वाक्य पर्ने गरी जम्मा दश वाक्यमा कुनै घटनाको वर्णन गर्नुहोस् । ५
७. तलका गद्यांशका वाक्यहरूलाई आवश्यक परिवर्तन गरी अज्ञात पक्षमा वाक्यान्तरण गर्नुहोस् । ५
- विधवाले गोरेलाई मधेसमा गएर गर्ने कामबारे सोध्नु । गोरेले आफूलाई याहा नभएको बतायो । विधवाले उसबाट घरबार गर्ने मन भए नभएको जान्न चाहिन् । गोरेले आफूसँग त्यसका लागि पैसा नभएको जनायो । विधवाले मधेसमा खेती गर्ने जग्गा सितै पाइने कुरा भनिन् । गोरेले विधवाको कुरा सुनेर अनुहार उज्यालो पायो । गोरेको उज्यालो अनुहार देखा विधवा पनि मल्ल परिन् ।
८. तलका वाक्यहरूलाई दुईओटा जटिल वाक्यमा संश्लेषण गर्नुहोस् । ५
- भक्तहरू भगवान्को भक्ति गर्दछन् । भक्तहरू भगवान् वाहेक अरूलाई मान्दैनन् । भक्तको भक्तिले भगवान् खुसी हुन्छन् । भगवान् खुसी हुँदा भक्तको मनमा शान्ति छाउँछ । भगवान् आनन्दित हुन्छन् । भक्त भक्तले भक्ति गर्छन् । भगवान् बारम्बार भक्तलाई साथ दिन्छन् ।
९. तलको गद्यांश राम्ररी पढी त्यसपछि सोधिएका प्रश्नका वैकल्पिक उत्तरहरूमध्ये उपयुक्त उत्तर आफ्नो उत्तर पुस्तिकामा सार्नुहोस् । १.५×६=९

"हामीले कर्म गर्दछौं त्यसबाट जुन फल निस्कन्छ सो हेरेर हामीले फेरि कर्म सच्याउनुपर्छ । नयाँ कर्मफल फेरि हेरेर अर्क कर्मको सुधार गर्दै जानुपर्छ ।" यसो भन्नुभन्दा नियमित आकस्मिकताले आफ्नो समझअनुसार सुधार गर्दै जान्छ भन्नु साँचोको नजिक पुग्दछ । तर, परिणाम हेरेर कर्म सच्याउनुलाई एक व्यक्तिको जिन्दगी ज्यादै छोटो हुन्छ फेरि भविष्यबारे कसैले ठोक्नु गर्न सक्दैन । भविष्य सबैका भित्ति आनुमानिक छ । मनुष्यमा पनि सबै एकनासका हुँदैनन् । कोही अन्यन्त बुद्धिमान, विचारशील र भविष्यका बारेमा पनि सोचविचार गर्ने हुन्छन् भने कतिपय त्यस्ता हुँदैनन् । तसर्थ, नियमित आकस्मिकताको भर पर्नु नै उपयुक्त हुन्छ र यसमा नै प्रकृति, सम्पूर्ण प्राणीजगत र मानवका व्यवहार तथा क्रियाकलाप पनि निर्भर छन् । भूगर्भशास्त्र, भूकम्पशास्त्र, ज्योतिषशास्त्र, शरीरविज्ञान, वैद्यशास्त्र आदिमा पुराणमा वर्णित दिव्यदृष्टिवालाको समयमा भन्दा के अहिले विशेष ज्ञान प्राप्त हुँदै गएको छैन र ? के यी विषयमा अगाडिका हजारौं भ्रम देखिएका छैनन् ? शास्त्र र विज्ञानमा केही न केही भ्रम छ तर दर्शन भ्रमरहित छ ।

दर्शनशास्त्र के हो ? एउटाले देखेको अरूलाई देखाउन कुरा । हामीले जगत् देखिरहेछौं । आँखाले निरीक्षण गरिरहेछौं । आँखाले पलक मादै फेरि हेर्दै गरिरहेछौं । हामी हेरेर विज्ञान र देखेर दर्शनशास्त्र बनाउँछौं । प्रत्यक्षलाई हेरिन्छ । प्रत्यक्षको सहायताले मन मस्तिष्कको सहयोगले अप्रत्यक्षलाई अन्तर्दृष्टिले देखिन्छ । यो देखेको कुरा दर्शन हो । त्यो अर्कोलाई देखाउने काम दर्शनशास्त्रले गर्छ । परन्तु दर्शनशास्त्र फैलेको पनि हजारौं वर्ष भइसक्यो । आजसम्म कुनै मान्छे यति प्रभावशाली जन्म्यो जसले 'भावपरिवर्त शास्त्र' बनाएर मनुष्यमात्रको स्वभावबाट कर्मफलअनुसार दुर्भावनाको बीज हटाउन सक्यो । सबै भवन्तु सुखिनः यो भावना लिने र सबै सन्तु निरामयाः भन्नेहरूले न सबैलाई सुखी पार्न सके नत रोगव्याधि हटाउन नै सके । तसर्थ, यस्ता आदर्शवाणीले भन्दा नियमित आकस्मिकताले मानव विचार, व्यवहार क्रमशः सच्चिदै गएको छ भन्नु उचित हुन्छ ।

#### प्रश्नहरू:

- अ. कर्म सुधार गर्नुभन्दा नियमित आकस्मिकतामा भर पर्नु किन सत्यको नजिक हुन्छ ?
- क. यस कर्मको फल यही हो भन्ने ठम्याउन नसकिने भएकाले
- ख. कर्मको परिणाम हेरेर कर्म सुधार गर्दा थप कर्म गर्न नसकिने भएकाले
- ग. नियमित आकस्मिकताले सत्यका यावत् कुरा सच्चिदै आएकोले
- घ. कर्म र कर्मफलबाट भ्रमपूर्ण भएकोले