

84. In which paper the lowest marks were obtained by the candidates ?  
 (A) I (B) II  
 (C) III (D) IV
84. Which candidate has secured the highest percentage in the papers appeared ?  
 (A) W (B) X  
 (C) Y (D) Z

**Part (C) - English Language Competence Test**  $(15 \times 2) = 30$  Marks

Read the following passage and choose the correct answer of the questions given below:

Three-fourths of the surface of our planet is covered by the sea, which both separates and unites the various races of mankind. The sea is the great highway along which man may journey at his will, the great road that has no walls or hedges hemming it in, and that nobody has to keep it in good repair with the aid of pickaxes and barrels of tar and steamrollers. The sea appeals to man's love of the perilous and the unknown to his love of conquest, his love of knowledge, and his love of gold. Its green, and grey, and blue and purple waters call to him and bid him fare forth In quest of fresh fields. Beyond their horizon he has found danger and death glory and gain.

In some great continents such as America and Australia there are towns and villages many thousands of miles from the coast, whose children have never seen or hears-or felt-the waves of the sea. But in the British Isles it is nowhere much more than a hundred miles from the most inland spot. The love of the sea is in the very blood of the British people.

**Comprehension questions:**  $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

86. How much of our planet is not covered by the sea?  
 (A) three-fourths of the planet  
 (B) half of the planet  
 (C) one-fourth of the planet  
 (D) more than one can measure
87. The sea helps a man  
 (A) in raising walls on the coast.  
 (B) in building great roads.  
 (C) in making journey at his will all around the world.  
 (D) in clearing hedges in hemming the sea water.
88. In what way does the sea appeal to man?  
 (A) It invites man to amass gold hidden under the sea-water.  
 (B) It helps man take lessons from the perilous waves and stay at home.  
 (C) It bids man to venture out in quest of new places.  
 (D) It makes man wax eloquent about the futility of adventures deeds.

89. The children have not responded to the call of the sea  
 (A) In remoter town and villages of America  
 (B) In Great Britain  
 (C) In Nepal  
 (D) In India
90. The sea has been compared to  
 (A) a steamroller (B) the great highway  
 (C) a spacecraft in motion (D) hedges hemming it

**Vocabulary question:**

(5×2=10)

Choose from the following list of words, a word that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the word in capital letter.

91. **CONSOLIDATION**

- (A) Restriction (B) Opposition  
 (C) Fragmentation (D) Provocation

92. **SECURE**

- (A) Infest (B) Decent  
 (C) Implant (D) Unfasten

93. **VALOR**

- (A) Admonition (B) Injustice  
 (C) Cowardice (D) Generosity

94. **LAVISH**

- (A) Hostile (B) Unwashed  
 (C) Timely (D) Frugal

95. **UNEARTH**

- (A) Conceal (B) Gnaw  
 (C) Clean (D) React

**Syntactic ability question:**

(5×2=10)

96. Choose the right verb to show Antecedents and other Agreement:

Two ladies had \_\_\_\_\_ hand bags stolen at the seminar

- (A) it's (B) his  
 (C) they (D) their

97. Choose the right alternative for the underlined Price are going up by leaps and bounds.

- (A) Irregularly (B) rapidly  
 (C) gradually (D) systematically

98. Which of the following sentences is grammatically right?
- (A) I am unable to return I don't complete my mission.
  - (B) I am unable to return unless I complete my mission.
  - (C) I am able to return unless I complete my mission.
  - (D) I am able to return, I complete my mission.
99. Which of the following is a noun ?
- (A) Heighten
  - (B) Perceptual
  - (C) Abbreviate
  - (D) Ignorance
100. Choose the correct alternative of the given sentence for indirect speech.
- He said, "I clean my teeth twice a day."**
- (A) He said that he cleaned his teeth twice a day.
  - (B) He said that he cleans his teeth twice a day.
  - (C) He said that he used to clean his teeth twice a day.
  - (D) He said that he used to cleaning his teeth twice a day.

लोक सेवा आयोग राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, अप्राविधिक तर्फका विभिन्न सेवा/ समूह वा  
सो सरह शाखा अधिकृत पदको द्वितीय चरणको प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षा  
समय: ३ घण्टा मिति: २०७०।१२।२० गते  
पूर्णाङ्क: १००

पत्र: द्वितीय ।  
विषय: शासन प्रणाली ।  
(Governance Systems)

निम्न प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् । (Answer of the following questions)  
प्रत्येक खण्डको उत्तर बेगला बेगलै उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ । अन्यथा उत्तरपुस्तिका रद्द  
हुनेछ ।

खण्ड (Section) – (A) (3 x 10) = 30

१. शासनको विशिष्ट गुणहरू प्रस्तुत गर्नुहोस् र शासन तथा सरकार बीचका प्रमुख  
भिन्नताहरू दर्शाउनुहोस् ।

Give the specific characteristics of governance and show the major differences  
between governance and government. (5 + 5)

२. नेपालको प्रशासनिक संरचना जनमैत्री बनाउन के कस्ता सुधार आवश्यक  
ठान्नुहुन्छ ? व्याख्या गर्नुहोस् ।

Explain the necessary reform measures to make Nepalese administrative  
structure people friendly. 10

३. नेपालको वर्तमान राजनीतिक, आर्थिक तथा सामाजिक परिवेशमा सूचनाको हकको  
पूर्ण प्रत्याभूती गराउन राज्य सामू रहेका मुख्य-मुख्य चुनौतीहरूको चर्चा गर्दै  
सूचनाको हक र पारदर्शिताका सीमाहरू उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् ।

Briefly explain the challenges that hindering the assurance of right to  
information in Nepal's current socio-economic and political situation and also  
mention the limitations of right to information and transparency. (6+4)

खण्ड (Section) – (B) (2 x 10) = 20

४. नेपालको अन्तरिम संविधान, २०६३ मा राज्यका ३ अंगका बीचमा शक्ति सन्तुलन  
र नियन्त्रणको प्रभावकारी व्यवस्था कसरी गरिएको छ ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

Discuss how effective check and balance of power between 3 main organs of  
the state has been managed in the Interim Constitution of Nepal, 2063. 10



५. “कानूनी राज्य” को अवधारणाको वर्णन गर्नुहोस् र नेपालमा कानूनी राज्यको अवस्थाको मूल्याङ्कन गर्नुहोस् ।

Explain the concept of "rule of law" and evaluate the state of rule of law in Nepal. (6 + 4)

खण्ड (Section) – (C)

(3 x 10) = 30

६. राजनैतिक तटस्थता भनेको के हो ? नेपालको सार्वजनिक व्यवस्थापनमा राजनैतिक तटस्थताको प्रयोग सम्बन्धी विद्यमान समस्याहरूको विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

What is "Political Neutrality"? Identify and discuss the present problems regarding its use in Nepalese public management. (3+7)

७. सार्वजनिक सेवा प्रवाहलाई प्रभावकारी तुल्याउन नेपालमा अवलम्बन गरिएका नवप्रवर्तनशील कदमहरू उल्लेख गर्दै सार्वजनिक सेवा प्रवाहलाई प्रभावकारी तुल्याउने क्रममा देखिएका प्रमुख समस्याहरूको समीक्षा गर्नुहोस् ।

Mention the innovative initiatives taken for effective public service delivery in Nepal and review the major problems of public service delivery encountered in order to make it effective. (5 + 5)

८. “सार्वजनिक सेवा बडापत्र” का उद्देश्यहरूमाथि प्रकाश पार्दै यसका फाइदाहरू उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् ।

Shading light on the objectives of "public service charter", mention its benefits. (5 + 5)

खण्ड (Section) – (D)

(2 x 10) = 20

९. मानव संसाधन विकासको विशेषताहरू उल्लेख गर्दै यसको आवश्यकताको बारेमा प्रष्ट पार्नुहोस् ।

Mention the characteristics of human resource development and justify the need of Human Resource Management. (5 + 5)

१०. सरकारी लेखा प्रणालीबारे चर्चा गर्दै यो प्रणालीबाट नेपालको वित्तीय व्यवस्थापनमा पुगेको योगदानबारे चर्चा गर्नुहोस् ।

Explain government accounting system and discuss the contribution of this system to financial management in Nepal. (4+6)

समाप्त

लोक सेवा आयोग राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, अप्राविधिक तर्फका विभिन्न सेवा/समूह, शाखा  
अधिकृत वा सो सरह प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षा

मिति: २०७०/१२/२१ गते

पत्र : तृतीय ।

विषय : समसामयिक विषय (Contemporary Issues)

निम्न प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् । (Write answer of the following questions)

प्रत्येक खण्डको उत्तर बेग्ला बेग्लै उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नु पर्नेछ । अन्यथा उत्तरपुस्तिका रद्द हुनेछ ।

खण्ड (Section) – ( A )

(3x10) = 30

- १) नेपालमा भ्रष्टाचार बृद्धि हुनुका कारणहरू उल्लेख गर्दै भ्रष्टाचार नियन्त्रण गर्न के कस्तो उपायहरू अवलम्बन गर्नुपर्ला ? आफ्नो सुझाव दिनुहोस् ।

State the causes of corruption increase in Nepal. What measures shall be taken to control corruption, give your own suggestions.

- २) सामाजिक द्वन्द्वको परिचय दिदै नेपालमा देखिदै आएको सामाजिक द्वन्द्वका प्रमुख कारणहरू के के रहेको पाउनुहुन्छ ? चर्चा गर्नुहोस् ।

Introduce the concept of social conflict. What are the major sources and causes of social conflict in Nepal ? Explain.

- ३) जनसंख्या वृद्धिका कारणहरू के के हुन् ? जनसंख्या वृद्धिले विकासोन्मुख राष्ट्रमा पार्ने असरहरूबारे विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

What are the reasons of population growth ? Explain the impacts of population growth in the developing nations.

खण्ड (Section) – ( B )

(2 x 10) = 20

- ४) वैदेशिक लगानी भन्नाले के बुझ्नुहुन्छ ? आर्थिक विकास र वैदेशिक लगानीको अन्तर्सम्बन्धको विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

What do you mean by Foreign Investment ? Describe the interrelation between Economic Development and Foreign Investment

- ५) "गरिबी र बेरोजगारीबीच अन्योन्याश्रित सम्बन्ध छ" पुष्टि गर्नुहोस् ।

"Poverty and unemployment are inter-related" prove this statement.

खण्ड (Section) – ( C )

(3 x 10) = 30

- ६) विकासका लागि सरकारी र निजी क्षेत्रबीच सहकार्यको अवधारणबारे विवेचना गर्नुहोस् । नेपालमा यस अवधारणाको भविष्य कस्तो देख्नुहुन्छ ?

Explain the concept of Public Private Partnership (PPP) for development. How do you see the future prospects of this concept in Nepal.

- ७) अल्पविकसित देशहरूमा दिगो विकासको वातावरणीय आयाम र प्राकृतिक स्रोत साधनमाथिको निर्भरताबीच कसरी सामञ्जस्यता गर्न सकिएला ? चर्चा गर्नुहोस् ।

How least-developed countries can harmonize their dependency on natural resources with environmental aspect of sustainable development ? Describe.

- ८) नेपालको विकास प्रक्रियामा राज्य र विकेन्द्रीकरणको भूमिकाको विस्तृत विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

Analyse the role of state and decentralization in the development process of Nepal.

खण्ड (Section) – (D)

(2 x 10) = 20

- ९) नेपालमा ऊर्जा संकटको सामाजिक तथा आर्थिक सम्बेदनशीलता के के रहेका छन् ? मुलुकमा वैकल्पिक तथा वातावरणमैत्री ऊर्जाका स्रोतको प्रबर्द्धनका लागि चालिनु पर्ने प्रभावकारी उपायका बारेमा सुझाव प्रस्तुत गर्नुहोस् ।

What are the social and economic sensitivity of energy crisis in Nepal ? Suggest effective measures to be realized for promoting alternative but environment friendly sources of energy in the country.

- १०) जलवायु परिवर्तन भनेको के हो ? जलवायु परिवर्तनका असरहरू र ती असरलाई □ मार्ग अपनाउनु पर्ने उपायहरू उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् ।

What is climate change ? Mention the effects of climate change and measures to mitigate those effects.

समाप्त ॥

राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, अप्राविधिक तर्फको विभिन्न सेवा र समूह, शाखा अंकित वा सो  
सरह पदको प्रथम चरणको प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षा

मिति : २०७१/१०/२४

समय : १ घण्टा ३० मिनेट

पूर्णाङ्क : २००

तहः प्रथम

विषयः प्रशासनिक अभिरूची परीक्षण (Administrative Aptitude Test)

Part (A) - General Awareness

(60×2 = 120 Marks)

1. लिच्छवीकालमा प्रहरी प्रमुखलाई के भनिन्थ्यो ?

The Chief of the police in Lichhavi period was called ?

- (A) भटनायक (Bhatanayak) (B) बलाध्यक्ष (Baladyakchhya)  
(C) दण्डनायक (Dandanayak) (D) सर्वदण्डनायक (Sarbadandanayak)

2. नेपालको लोकसेवा आयोगका पहिलो अध्यक्ष को हुन् ? Who was the first chairperson of public service commission of Nepal ?

- (A) नगेन्द्रमान सिंह प्रधान (Nagendra Man Singh Pradhan)  
(B) कुलशेखर शर्मा (Kulshekhar Sharma)  
(C) यदुनाथ खनाल (Yadhunath Khanal)  
(D) चन्द्रबहादुर थापा (Chandra Bahadur Thapa)

3. निम्न मध्ये कुन पदमा नियुक्त हुँदा संसदीय सुनुवाईको प्रक्रिया पूरा गर्न आवश्यक पर्दैन ?

For the appointment of which position parliamentary hearing process is not required ?

- (A) सर्वोच्च अदालतको न्यायाधिश (Judge of supreme court)  
(B) नेपाली राजदूत (Nepalese Ambassador)  
(C) राष्ट्रिय योजना आयोगको उपाध्यक्ष (Vice Chairman of National Planning Commission)  
(D) महालेखा परीक्षक (Auditor General)

4. नेपालको न्यायापालिका अन्तर्गत कतिवटा पुनरावेदन अदालत रहेका छन् ?

How many Appellate Court are under judiciary of Nepal ?

- (A) 13 (B) 14  
(C) 15 (D) 16



प्रश्न नं. ५, ६, ७, ८, निम्न तालिकाका आधारमा हुनेछ

यहाँ समूह १, समूह २, समूह ३, कुनै न कुनै रूपमा एक आपसमा सम्बन्धित छन् तिनीहरूको सम्बन्ध पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् र सही कोडबाट सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस्। The next four question (Question No. 5, 6, 7 and 8) are based on the following Table;

Here list I, list II & list III are interrelated among each other. Find the related among themselves and select the correct answer using the codes given below.

समूह १	समूह २	समूह ३
(A) २००४	१) नेपाल सरकारको वैधानिक कानून (Government of Nepal Constitutions)	I. मोहन शमशेर (Mohan Shumsher)
(B) २००७	२) नेपाल अधिराज्यको संविधान (Constitution of Kingdom of Nepal)	II. पद्म शमशेर (Padma Shumsher)
(C) २०१५	३) नेपालको अन्तरिम शासन विधान (Nepal Interim Constitution)	III. राजा महेन्द्र (King Mahendra)
(D) २०१९	४) नेपालको संविधान (Constitution of Nepal)	IV. कृष्ण प्रसाद भट्टराई (Krishna Prasad Bhattarai)

5.

कोड	समूह १	समूह २	समूह ३
A	a	i	1
B	b	ii	3
C	c	iv	2
D	d	iii	4

6.

कोड	समूह १	समूह २	समूह ३
A	a	1	ii
B	b	3	iv
C	c	2	v
D	d	4	vi

7.

कोड	समूह १	समूह २	समूह ३
A	b	1	ii
B	c	3	iv
C	d	4	iii
D	e	2	vi

8.

कोड	समूह १	समूह २	समूह ३
A	b	1	ii
B	c	3	iv
C	d	4	iii
D	e	2	vi

9. कुन मुद्रालाई Paper Gold भनेर बुझिन्छ ?

Which currency is known as paper Gold?

- (A) अमेरिकी डलर (U.S. Dollar) (B) स्टर्लिङ्ग पौण्ड (Sterling Pound)  
(C) युरो (Euro) (D) एस डी आर (SDR)

10. आ.व. २०७१/७२ को बजेट वक्तव्य अनुसार नेपालमा संचालनमा रहेका कतिवटा सार्वजनिक संस्थान खुद नाफामा छन् ?

According to the Budget speech of F.Y. 2071-72, how many public enterprises under operation in Nepal are in net profit ?

- (A) 15 (B) 17  
(C) 19 (D) 21

11. आर्थिक विकास तथा प्रशासनिक केन्द्रको (CEDA) स्थापनामा सहयोग गर्ने देश कुन हो ?

CEDA was established in the cooperation of ....

- (A) भारत (India) (B) अमेरिका (USA)  
(C) रूस (Russia) (D) चीन (China)

12. तेह्रौँ योजनाको अन्तसम्ममा कति प्रतिशत जनसंख्यालाई विद्युतमा पहुँच पुऱ्याउने लक्ष्य छ ?

To what percentage of population is targeted to have access on electricity by the end of thirteenth plan?

- (A) 83% (B) 85%  
(C) 87% (D) 90%

13. उत्पादन क्षमताका आधारमा ठूलोबाट सानो जलविद्युत आयोजनाको क्रम कुन चाहिँ सही हो ?

On the Basis of Production capacity, choose the correct series of Hydropower project in descending (larger to smaller) order?

- (A) कालीगण्डकी - मस्याङ्दी - खिम्ती - चिलिमे - भोटेकोशी

Kaligandaki - Marsyangdi - Khimti - Chilime - Bhotekoshi

- (B) कालीगण्डकी - भोटेकोशी - खिम्ती - मस्याङ्दी - चिलिमे

Kaligandaki - Bhotekoshi - Khimti - Marsyangdi - Chilime

- (C) कालीगण्डकी - मस्याङ्दी - खिम्ती - भोटेकोशी - चिलिमे

Kaligandaki - Marsyangdi - Khimti - Bhotekoshi - Chilime

- (D) मस्याङ्दी - कालीगण्डकी - चिलिमे - खिम्ती - भोटेकोशी

Marsyangdi - Kaligandaki - Chilime - Khimti - Bhotekoshi

14. नेपालको पर्यटनका सम्बन्धमा निम्न कथनहरू विचार गर्नुहोस् ।

Consider the following statements regarding the tourism of Nepal.

१) नेपालमा सबैभन्दा बढी पर्यटक पदयात्राका लागि आउँछन् ।

Most of the tourist visit Nepal for trekking.

२) पर्यटन प्रबर्द्धनका लागि नेपाल पर्यटन वर्ष २०११ मनाइयो ।

For tourism promotion, the year २०११ had been observed as Nepal Tourism Year.

३) नेपालमा सबैभन्दा बढी पर्यटक युरोप महादेशबाट आउँछन् ।

In Nepal, most of the tourists are from Europe.

उपरोक्त कथनमध्ये कुन सही छ/छन्

(A) सबै (All) (B) १ र २ मात्र (1 and 2 only)

(C) २ र ३ मात्र (2 and 3 only) (D) २ मात्र (Only)

15. लम्बाईको दृष्टिकोणले छोटोदेखि लामोको क्रममा देहायका राजमार्गहरूको क्रम कुन ठिक हो ? चयन गर्नुहोस् ।

Choose correct order of highways based on the length of it in ascending order.

(A) सिद्धार्थ राजमार्ग, पृथ्वी राजमार्ग, त्रिभुवन राजपथ, मेची राजमार्ग

(Siddhartha highway, Prithvi highway, Tribhuwan highway, Mechi highway)

(B) त्रिभुवन राजपथ, पृथ्वी राजमार्ग, सिद्धार्थ राजमार्ग, मेची राजमार्ग

(Tribhuwan highway, Prithvi highway, Siddhartha highway, Mechi highway)

(C) मेची राजमार्ग, सिद्धार्थ राजमार्ग, पृथ्वी राजमार्ग, त्रिभुवन राजमार्ग

(Mechi highway, Siddhartha highway, Prithvi highway, Tribhuwan highway)

(D) पृथ्वी राजमार्ग, सिद्धार्थ राजमार्ग, मेची राजपथ, त्रिभुवन राजपथ

(Prithvi highway, Siddhartha highway, Mechi highway, Tribhuwan highway)

16. एजेण्डा २१ के सँग सम्बन्धित छ ?

Agenda 21 is related to .....

(A) वातावरण (Environment)

(B) पूर्वाधार विकास (Infrastructure development)

(C) सामाजिक विकास (Social development)

(D) मानव विकास (Human development)



17. हरित पेटिका अभियान Green Belt Movement का संस्थापक को हुन् ?

Who is the founder of Green Belt Movement ?

- (A) Gaylord Nelson (B) Wangari Maathai  
(C) Paul Watson (D) John Muir

18. राष्ट्रिय जनगणना 2068 अनुसार नेपालमा महिला परिवार मुली भएका घर परिवारको प्रतिशत कति छन् ?

What is the percentage of female headed households in Nepal as per National census 2011?

- (A) 25.2 (B) 25.7  
(C) 26.9 (D) 28.1

19. साइटीसको प्रधान कार्यालय कहाँ छ ?

Where is the Headquarter of CITES ?

- (A) लण्डन (London)  
(B) पेरीस (Paris)  
(C) वासिङ्टन डि.सी. (Washington D.C.)  
(D) बर्लिन (Berlin)

20. समूह I र समूह II बीच जोडा मिलाउनुहोस् ।

Match group I with II and select the write answer.

समूह (Group) I	समूह (Group) II
1. मकालु वरुण राष्ट्रिय निकुञ्ज (Makalu Barun National Park)	a. रसुवा (Rasuwa)
2. लाङटाङ राष्ट्रिय निकुञ्ज (Langtang National Park)	b. डोटी (Doti)
3. खप्तड राष्ट्रिय निकुञ्ज (Khaptad National Park)	b. डोल्पा (Dolpa)
4. शे-फोक्सुण्डो राष्ट्रिय निकुञ्ज (She-Phoksundo National Park)	c. संखुवासभा (Shankhuwa Sabha)

- A. 1-c 2-d 3-b 4-a  
(B) 1-d 2-c 3-a 4-b  
(C) 1-d 2-a 3-b 4-c  
(D) 1-b 2-a 3-d 4-c

21. नेपालको कुन ठाउँमा क्रमशः तामा, सुन, फलाम र कोइला पाइन्छ ?

Where are copper, gold, iron and coal found respectively in Nepal?

- (A) कुलेखानी, काली गण्डकी, फुलचोकी, चितवन (Kulekhani, Kali gandaki, Phulchoki, Chitwan)



- (B) कुलेखानी, काली गण्डकी, प्यूठान, पाल्पा (Kulekhani, Kali gandaki, Pyuthan, Palpa)
- (C) चोभार, काली गण्डकी, सल्यान, पाल्पा (Chovar, Kali gandaki, Salyan, Palpa)
- (D) फुलचोकी, काली गण्डकी, सल्यान, पाल्पा (Phulchoki, Kali gandaki, Salyan, Palpa)
22. नेपालको उच्च जनसंख्या भएका पाँच शहरहरूको नाम क्रमशः कुन मिल्छ ?
- (A) काठमाडौं, विराटनगर, पोखरा, ललितपुर, भरतपुर (Kathmandu, Biratnagar, Pokhara, Lalitpur, Bharatpur)
- (B) काठमाडौं, पोखरा, ललितपुर, विराटनगर र भरतपुर (Kathmandu, Pokhara, Lalitpur, Biratnagar, Bharatpur)
- (C) काठमाडौं, विराटनगर, ललितपुर, पोखरा, भरतपुर (Kathmandu, Biratnagar, Lalitpur, Pokhara, Bharatpur)
- (D) काठमाडौं, पोखरा, ललितपुर, भरतपुर, विराटनगर (Kathmandu, Pokhara, Lalitpur, Bharatpur, Biratnagar)
23. जापानको हीरोसीमामा August 6, 1945 मा विस्फोट गरिएको परमाणु बमको नाम के हो ?
- What was the name of the atom bomb which was exploded on August 6, 1945 ?
- (A) Little Boy (B) Little man
- (C) Fat Boy (D) Fat Man
24. वस्तुको तौल निम्नमध्ये कुन ठाउँमा लगियो भने उल्लेखनीय किसिमले वृद्धि हुन्छ ?
- The Weight of an object will increase significantly if it is take ...
- (A) ध्रुव बिन्दुबाट भूमध्ये रेखामा (From pole to equator)
- (B) भूमध्ये रेखाबाट ध्रुव बिन्दुमा (From equator to pole)
- (C) पहाडको टुप्पोमा (To the top of a mountain)
- (D) पृथ्वीको केन्द्रमा (To the center of the earth)
25. Jonarthan B. Postal service Award - 2014 कसलाई प्रदान गरिएको छ ?
- Who has been awarded the Jonathan B. postal service Award 2014 ?
- (A) एलिजावेथ जेक फेन्लर (Elizabeth Jake feinler)
- (B) महावीर पुन (Mahabir Pun)
- (C) प्रो. किलनाम चोन (Prof. Kilnam Chon)
- (D) डा. सन्दुक रूइत (Dr. Sanduk Ruit)

26. टेलिभिजनको आविष्कार कसले गरेका हुन् ?

Who invented Television ?

- (A) रोइन्टजेन (Roentgen)  
(B) अलेक्जेन्डर ग्रहम बेल (Alexander Graham Bell)  
(C) जोन वियर्ड (John Biard)  
(D) बेन्जामिन फ्रयाङ्कलिन (Benjamin Franklin)

27. एन्टीबायोटिकको विकल्पको रूपमा वैज्ञानिकहरूले विकास गरेको नयाँ औषधिको नाम के हो ?

What is the name of new drug developed by scientists as an alternative to antibiotics?

- (A) स्टाफेफेक्ट (B) डल्भान्स (Dalvance)  
(C) अर्वाक्टीभ (Orvatives) (D) सिभेक्स्ट्रो

28. जोडा मिलाउनु र सही उत्तर पहिचान गर्नुहोस् ।

Match the following and identify correct answer

समूह I Group	समूह II Group
1. क्रिस्चीयन बर्नाड	a. क्रोस्कोग्राफ (Crescograph)
2. लुईस ब्राउन	b. म्याइक्रोस्कोप (Microscope)
3. एन्टोन भान लिभेनहुक	c. मुटु प्रत्यारोपण (Heart transplant)
4. जगदीश चन्द्र बोस	d. टेस्टट्युब बच्चा (Test tube baby)

Code

- (A) 1-c, 2-d, 3-b, 4-a (B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b, 4-d  
(C) 1-b, 2-d, 3-a, 4-c (D) 1-a, 2-d, 3-b, 4-c

29. निम्न कथनहरू मध्ये सही गलत छुट्याउनुहोस् ।

Identity whether following statements are right or wrong.

1. कस्मिक रेज जीवनको लागि खतरापूर्ण छ । (Cosmic Rays is dangerous to life.)  
2. यसमा प्रोटोन र रेडियसन हुन्छ । (It contains protons and radiation.)  
(A) दुवै सही (Both are right)  
(B) 1 सही 2 गलत (1 right 2 wrong)  
(C) 1 गलत 2 सही (1 wrong 2 right)  
(D) दुवै गलत (Both are wrong)

30. सार्कको अठारौँ शिखर सम्मेलनमा सबै आठ सदस्य राष्ट्रले औपचारिक सम्झौता गरी सहमति गरेको विषय कुन हो ?

During the 18<sup>th</sup> SAARC summit, which theme has been agreed by all eight member countries by engaging in formal agreement ?

- (A) वातावरणीय संरक्षण (Environmental Conservation)  
(B) आप्रवासी कामदारको संरक्षण (Protection of migrant workers)  
(C) जलविद्युत उर्जा (Hydropower energy)  
(D) व्यापार सहजीकरण (Trade facilitation)

31. असंलग्न राष्ट्रहरूको सोहीँ सम्मेलन कुन देशमा भएको थियो ?

Where was the 16<sup>th</sup> Summit of non Aligned countries held ?

- (A) इरान (Iran) (B) दक्षिण अफ्रिका (South Africa)  
(C) क्युबा (Cuba) (D) इण्डोनेसिया (Indonesia)

32. नेपाल सर्वप्रथम कहिले संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघको शान्ति सेनामा सहभागी भएको थियो ?

When did Nepal participate in United Nations Peacekeeping Operation for the first time ?

- (A) 1958 A.D. (B) 1966 A.D.  
(C) 1974 A.D. (D) 1978 A.D.

33. युनेस्कोको प्रधान कार्यालय ..... मा रहेको छ ।

The Headquarter of UNESCO is at ....

- (A) रोम (Rome) (B) जेनेभा (Geneva)  
(C) पेरिस (Paris) (D) न्युयोर्क (New York)

34. संगठन र मुख्यालयबीच जोडा मिलाउनुहोस् ।

Match the Organization and it's Headquarter and select the correct one.

संगठन (Organization)	मुख्यालय (Headquarter)
a. संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघिय विश्वविद्यालय (UN University)	1. जेनेभा (Geneva)
b. विश्व व्यापार संगठन (WTO)	2. वासिङ्गटन डि.सि. (Washington DC)
c. अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय मुद्रा कोष (IMF)	3. नैरोबी (Nairobi)
d. संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघीय वातावरण कार्यक्रम (UNEP)	4. टोकियो (Tokyo)

(A) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3

(B) a-1, b-4, c-3, d-2

(C) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1

(D) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4



35. तल दिइएका नेपालको कुटनीतिक सम्बन्ध भएका मुलुक र सम्बन्ध स्थापित भएको वर्ष बिच जोडा मिलाउनुहोस् र सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस् ।

Match the following countries with the year of Nepal's diplomatic relationship establishment and select the correct answer.

मुलुक (Country)	सम्बन्ध स्थापना भएको वर्ष (Year of Establishment)
a. अर्जेन्टिना (Argentina)	i. 1963 A.D.
b. बंगलादेश (Bangladesh)	ii. 1958 A.D.
c. जर्मनी (Germany)	iii. 1972 A.D.
d. इजरायल (Israel)	iv. 1962 A.D.

- (A) a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv (B) a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i  
(C) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-iv (D) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i

36. निम्न देशहरू बारेमा विचार गर्नुहोस् ।

Consider the following countries.

1. ब्रुनाइ (Brunei) 2. भियतनाम (Vietnam)  
3. लाओस (Laos) 4. म्यान्मार (Myanmar)

आसियान (ASEAN) को सदस्य माथि उल्लेखित देशहरूमा कुन कुन हुन् ?

- (A) 1 र 2 (1 & 2 Only) (B) 1, 2 र 3 मात्र (1, 2 & 3 only)  
(C) 1, 2 र 4 मात्र (1, 2 & 4 only) (D) माथिको सबै (All)

37. सन् 2014 मार्च 8 तारिखमा हराएको मलेशिया एयरलाइन्सको उडान नं. 370 को जहाजले क्वालालम्पुरबाट कहाँको लागि उडान भरेको थियो ?

The aeroplane of Malaysia Airlines flight no. 370 that disappeared on 8<sup>th</sup> March 2014 took off from **Kuala Lumpur** for which destination ?

- (A) संघाई (Shanghai) (B) बेइजिङ (Beijing)  
(C) मनीला (Manila) (D) टोकियो (Tokyo)

38. आ.व. 2071-72 को बजेट अनुसार सत्तरी वर्ष नाघेका ज्येष्ठ नागरिकलाई वार्षिक औषधि उपचार खर्च बापत कति प्रदान गरिने छ ?

According to 2071/72 budget how much money will be given annually for the medical treatment to the senior citizens above 70 years of age ?

- (A) Rs. 500/- (B) Rs. 1000/-  
(C) Rs. 1500/- (D) Rs. 2000/-



39. ट्वान्टी-ट्वान्टी विश्वकप क्रिकेटको 2014 विजेता देश कुन हो ?

Which country won the twenty-twenty world cup cricket in 2014?

- (A) भारत (India) (B) पाकिस्तान (Pakistan)  
(C) श्रीलंका (Srilanka) (D) बंगलादेश (Bangladesh)

40. प्रसिद्ध किताब "एनिमल फार्म" का लेखक को हुन् ?

Who is the author of famous book 'Animal Farm'?

- (A) जर्ज अर्वेल (George Arwel)  
(B) अर्नेष्ट हेमिङ्गवे (Earnets Hemingway)  
(C) चर्चिल (Churchil)  
(D) कार्ल मार्क्स (Karl Marx)

41. साँढे जुधाइ.....को राष्ट्रिय खेल हो ।

Bull fighting is national game of .....

- (A) इटाली (Italy) (B) पोल्याण्ड (Poland)  
(C) स्पेन (Spain) (D) स्विडेन (Sweden)

42. देहायका मध्ये कसले अर्थशास्त्रको लागि 2014 को नोबेल पुरस्कार प्राप्त गरेका हुन् ?

Who among th following has received the Nobel prize for Economics in 2014 ?

- (A) जिन टिरोल (Jean Tirole)  
(B) यूजिन फामा (Eugene Fama)  
(C) लार्स पिटर हैन्सन (Lars Peter Hansen)  
(D) एल्भिन् इ. रोथ (Alvin E. Roth)

43. समूह I समूह II मा जोडा मिलाउनुहोस् र सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस् ।

Match Group I and Group II and choose the corect answer

समूह (Group) I	समूह (Group) II
(A) अल शबाब (AL Shabab)	1. फ्रान्स (France)
(B) बोको हराम (Boko Haram)	2. इराक/सिरिया (Iraq/Syria)
(C) चार्ली हेब्डो (Charlie Hebdo)	3. नाइजेरिया (Nigeria)
(D) इस्लामिक स्टेट (Islamic State)	4. सोमालिया (Somalia)

(Code)

- (A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4 (B) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3  
(C) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1 (D) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2

44. सन 2014 FIFA World Cup का सम्बन्धमा कुन भनाइहरू ठिक छ र छन् ?

Which of the following saying is/are correct regarding FIFA World Cup 2014 ?

1. अन्तिम खेल जर्मनी र ब्राजिलबीच भएको थियो । Final Match was Between Germany and Brazil.
2. सबैभन्दा बढी गोल गर्ने खेलाडी लियोनेल मेसी हुन् । Lionel Messi scored the highest number of goals.
3. सेमिफाइनलमा पुग्ने राष्ट्रहरू नेदरल्याण्ड, जर्मनी, ब्राजिल र अर्जेन्टिना हुन् । Netherland, Germany, Brazil, Argentina has reached in semi final.

- (A) 2 र 3 मात्र (2 & 3 only) (B) 2 मात्र (2 only)  
(C) 3 मात्र (3 only) (D) 1 र 2 मात्र (1 & 2 only)

45. राष्ट्रिय जनगणना 2068 अनुसार नेपालका 15 देखि 59 वर्षभित्रको जनसंख्या कति प्रतिशत छ ?

According to National census 2068 which percentage of population belongs in 15 to 59 years of age ?

- (A) 51.69 % (B) 53.96%  
(C) 56.69% (D) 56.96%

46. शिवालिक पर्वत शृंखला निम्नमध्ये कुन स्थानमा रहेको छ ?

Where is the Shivalik Range situated ?

- (A) तराई प्रदेश (Terai Region)  
(B) तराई तथा भित्री मधेश (between terai and inner terai region)  
(C) हिमाली प्रदेश (Himalayan region)  
(D) भित्री मधेश र हिमाली प्रदेशको बिचमा (Between inner terai and himalayan region)

47. निम्न मध्ये कुन हिमालको उचाई ८ हजार मिटर भन्दा कम छ ?

Which of the following mountains height is less than 8000 meters?

- (A) माउण्ट के २ (Mount k. 2) (B) मनास्लु (Manaslu)  
(C) मकालु (Makalu) (D) माउण्ट एलब्रस (Mount Elbrus)

48. दक्षिण गोलार्द्धमा 21 June पछि कुन ऋतु शुरू हुन्छ ?

Which season started in southern hemisphere after 21 June?

- (A) शरद ऋतु (Autumn season)  
(B) ग्रीष्म/वर्षा ऋतु (Summer season)  
(C) वसन्त ऋतु (Spring season)  
(D) शिशिर/जाडो ऋतु (Winter season)

49. जोडा मिलाई कोडबाट सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस् ।

Match the following and select the right answer from the codes.

समूह (Group) A	समूह (Group) B
a. अंकारा (Ankara)	1. क्यानडा (Canada)
b. टोरोण्टो (Toronto)	2. टर्की (Turkey)
c. रियो दी जेनेरीयो (Rio de Jenerio)	3. ब्राजील (Brazil)
d. मोम्बासा (Mombasa)	4. केन्या (Kenya)

कोड (Codes)

	a	b	c	d
(A)	2	1	3	4
(B)	1	2	3	4
(C)	4	3	1	2
(D)	4	3	2	1

50. पूर्वदेखि पश्चिमको क्रममा नेपालका शहरहरूको निम्न कुन समूह ठिक हो ?

Which of the following groups has correct order of cities of Nepal from east to west?

- (A) भद्रपुर, भरतपुर, बुटवल, तौलीहवा (Bhadrapur, Bharatpur, Butwal, Taulihawa)
- (B) भरतपुर, भद्रपुर, तौलीहवा, बुटवल (Bharatpur, Bhadrapur, Taulihawa, Butwal)
- (C) भद्रपुर, बुटवल, भरतपुर, तौलीहवा (Bhadrapur, Butwal, Bharatpur, Taulihawa)
- (D) भरतपुर, भद्रपुर, बुटवल, तौलीहवा (Bharatpur, Bhadrapur, Bhutwal, Taulihawa)

51. जोडा मिलानमा तलको कुन चाहिँ ठिक छ ?

Which one is correct to the following pair matching?

- a. रौता पोखरी (Rauta poind) 1. सुर्खेत (Surkhet)
- b. कामीनी दह (Kamini lake) 2. भोजपुर (Bhojpur)
- c. बुलबुले ताल (Bulbule lake) 3. बारा (Bara)
- d. साल्पा पोखरी (Salpa pond) 4. उदयपुर (Udayapur)
- (A) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3 (B) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2
- (C) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3 (D) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4



52. वायु हावाको मौसमी परिवर्तन ..... को खास विशेषता हो ।

The seasonal reversal of winds is the typical characteristics of

- (A) भूमध्यरेखीय जलवायु (Equatorial climate)
- (B) भूमध्यसागरीय जलवायु (Mediterranean climate)
- (C) मनसुन जलवायु (Monsoon climate)
- (D) माथिका सबै जलवायु (All of the above climate)

53. अमेरिकी स्वतन्त्रता सङ्ग्रामको नारा के थियो ?

What is the slogan of American war of independence?

- (A) जीवन, स्वतन्त्रता र सुखको खोजी (Life, Liberty and pursuit of happiness)
- (B) समानता, स्वतन्त्रता, विकास (Equality, Liberty and Development)
- (C) समानता, स्वतन्त्रता र स्वायत्तता (Equity, Liberty and Autonomy)
- (D) उपनिवेशबाट उन्मुक्ती (Independence from Colonial rule)

54. जाति व्यवस्थाको वर्णन कुन वेदमा गरिएको छ ?

In which Veda description of caste system is found ?

- (A) ऋग्वेद (Rigveda)
- (B) सामवेद (Samveda)
- (C) यजुर्वेद (Yajur Veda)
- (D) माथिको कुनै पनि होइन (None of above)

55. बेत्रावती सन्धी कहिले भएको थियो ?

When was the Betrawati treaty signed ?

- (A) 1843 B.S.
- (B) 1842 B.S.
- (C) 1845 B.S.
- (D) 1849 B.S.

56. सन् २०११ मा भएको नेपालको जनगणना अनुसार नेपालमा बोलीने भाषाको संख्या कति हो ?

As per the 2011 census, how many languages are spoken in Nepal ?

- (A) 110
- (B) 113
- (C) 119
- (D) 123

57. चाँगुनारायणको मन्दिर कुन शैलीमा निर्माण गरिएको छ ?

In which of the following style Chagunarayan temple is constructed?

- (A) प्यागोडा शैली (Pyagoda Style)
- (B) स्तुप शैली (Stupa style)
- (C) शिखर शैली (Shikhar style)
- (D) माथिको कुनै पनि होइन (None of the above)



58. जोडा मिलाइ कोडबाट सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस् ।

Match and select the right answer from the codes.

समूह (Group) I	समूह (Group) II
a. प्रथम मल्ल राजा (First Malla King)	1. प्रचण्डदेव (Prachanda Dev)
b. शान्ति श्री (Shanti shree)	2. प्रताप मल्ल (Pratap Malla)
c. तलेजु भवानी (Taleju Bhawani)	3. अरी देव (Ari Dev)
d. रानी पोखरी (Rani pokhari)	4. महिन्द्र मल्ल (Mahindra Malla)

कोड (Codes)

(A) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1

(B) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4

(C) a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2

(D) a-1, b-3, c-2, d-4

59. समूह I र II मा जोडा मिलाउनुहोस् र कोडबाट सही उत्तर छान्नुहोस् ।

Match list I with list II and select the correct answer using the codes given below.

बुद्धसँग सम्बन्धित घटना (Events related to Buddha)	स्थान (Places)
a. अन्तिम उपदेश (Last sermon)	1. बोध गया (Bodh Gaya)
b. बुद्धत्व प्राप्ति (Enlightenment)	2. कुशी नगर (Kushinagar)
c. पहिलो उपदेश (First sermon)	3. सारनाथ (Sarnath)
d. मृत्यु (Death)	4. वैशाली (Vaishali)
	5. कोसाम्बिक (Koashambi)

कोड (Codes)

a b c d

(A) 4 1 3 2

(B) 5 2 4 3

(C) 3 1 4 2

(D) 2 3 5 1

60. नेपालको कुन स्थानमा सन् 1992 मा तत्कालिन राजा जय वर्माको पूर्णकदको शालिक उत्खनन् गरिएको हो ?

In which place of Nepal, the full size statue of King Jaya Verma was discovered in 1992 ?

(A) भक्तपुर दरबार स्क्वायर (Bhaktapur Durbar Square)

(B) काठमाडौँको मालिगाउँ क्षेत्र (Maligaon area of Kathmandu)

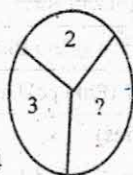
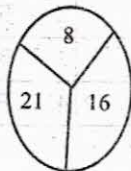
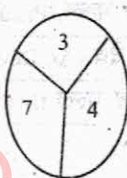
(C) ललितपुरको जावलाखेल (Jawalakhel of Lalitpur)

(D) काभ्रेको बनेपा (Banepa of Kavre)

**Part (B) - Aptitude Test**

(25×2)=50 Mark

61. The average of three consecutive numbers is N. If the next two numbers is also included, how shall the average vary ?  
 (A) It shall remain the same. (B) It shall increase by 1  
 (C) It shall increase by 1.5 (D) It shall increase by 2
62. What number should replace the question mark ?



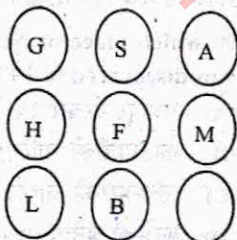
- (A) 2  
(C) 6

- (B) 4  
(D) 8

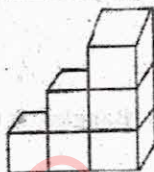
63. Which number should replace the question mark ?  
 1, 50, 6, 45, 11, 40, 16, 35, 21, 30, ?  
 (A) 30 (B) 24  
 (C) 26 (D) 28
64. Ten years ago, P was half of Q in age. If the ratio of their present ages is 3:4, what will be the total of their present ages ?  
 (A) 45 (B) 40  
 (C) 35 (D) 30
65. In a game of eight players lasting for 70 minutes, six substitutes alternate with each player. This means that all players, including the substitutes, are on the field for the same length of time for how long ?  
 (A) 12 (B) 21  
 (C) 40 (D) 14
66. In all letters in the world MERCIFUL are arranged in alphabetical order and substituted by the alphabet preceding them in the English alphabet what will be the new arrangement of letters?  
 (A) BDHEKLQT (B) BDEHKLQT  
 (C) BDEHLKQT (D) BDEJMLQT
67. Which letter goes on empty segment ?

- (A) S  
(C) Q

- (B) P  
(D) M



68. Which one of the following is not an anagram of a country ?  
 (A) A THIN LAD (B) ALAS I MAY  
 (C) A NOBLE CAR (D) BAG HANDLES
69. Use the diagram given below: how many cubes do you need to make the step 9 steps high?



- (A) 36 cubes (B) 40 cubes  
 (C) 44 cubes (D) 45 cubes
70. Four people witnessed a mugging. Each gave a different description of the mugger. Which description is probably right ?  
 (A) He was average height, thin, and middle aged.  
 (B) He was tall, thin and middle aged.  
 (C) He was tall, thin, and young.  
 (D) He was tall, of average weight, and middle aged.

**Directions for the following 5(five) items:** Study the table given below, and answer the five items that follows:

For students W, X, Y, Z appeared in four papers; I, II, III and IV in a test. Their score out of 100 are given below in the table. Where 'A' stands for absent.

Students	Papers			
	I	II	III	IV
W	59	43	51	A
X	60	81	45	55
Y	72	76	A	68
Z	74	A	71	65

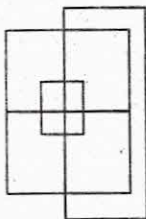
71. Which candidate has secured between 60-65% marks in aggregate ?  
 (A) W (B) X  
 (C) Y (D) Z
72. Who has obtained the lowest average in aggregate ?  
 (A) W (B) X  
 (C) Y (D) Z
73. Who has obtained the highest average in aggregate ?  
 (A) W (B) X  
 (C) Y (D) Z



74. In which paper the lowest marks were obtained by the candidates?  
 (A) I (B) II  
 (C) III (D) IV
75. Which candidate has secured the highest percentage in the papers appeared?  
 (A) W (B) X  
 (C) Y (D) Z
76. 'Dress' is related to 'Body' in the same way as 'Bangles' is related to:  
 (A) Glass (B) Lady  
 (C) Wrist (D) Beauty
77. What would replace the question mark (?) in the given series?  
 B, E, D, F, ?, H, J, ?, L  
 (A) I, M (B) M, I  
 (C) I, N (D) J, M
78. Find out the alternative which replaces the question mark ?  
 South: North: West:?  
 (A) North (B) South-West  
 (C) North-East (D) East
79. In a queue, Mr. X is twentieth position from the front and Mr. Y is twenty one positions from the end while Mr. Z is exactly in between Mr. X and Mr. Y. If Mr. X is ahead of Mr. Y and there are 60 persons in the queue, how many persons are there in between Mr. X and Mr. Z?  
 (A) 18 (B) 10  
 (C) 9 (D) 8
80. **Directions:** In the following, a statement is given which is followed by three course of action number I, II and III. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true, and then decide which of three suggested courses of action logically follows for pursuing.
- Statement:** Every year thousands of eligible students do not get admission in colleges both in urban and rural areas after passing their school leaving certificate examination.
- Course of Action:**
- More colleges should be set up in both urban and rural area.
  - The number of schools in both urban and rural areas should be reduced.
  - More School should offer vocational courses to equip student for talking up their vocation after completing their school education.
- (A) Only I follow. (B) Only II and III follow.  
 (C) Only I and III follow. (D) Only I and II follows



81. What is the maximum number of square in the following grid?



(A) 10  
(C) 12

(B) 11  
(D) 13

82. Which of the following diagrams indicates the best relation between reward, punishment, and reinforcement?



(A)



(B)

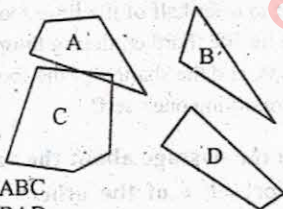


(C)



(D)

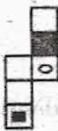
83. Which three of the four pieces below can be fitted together to form a rectangle?



(A) ABC  
(C) BAD

(B) ACD  
(D) CBD

84. Choose the box that is similar to the box formed from the given sheet of paper (X).



(X)



1



2



3

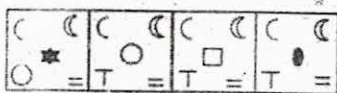
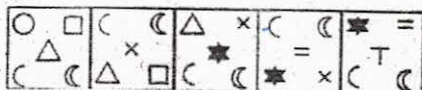


4

(A) 1 and 2 only  
(C) 1 and 4 only

(B) 1, 2 and 4 only.  
(D) 1, 2 and 3 only

85. Which figure will continue the same series as established in the first series?



(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

**Part (C) - English language competence Test (15×2)=30 Marks**

**Attempt all questions**

**Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow:**

Throughout human history there have been many stringent taboos concerning watching other people eat or eating in the presence of others. There have been attempts to explain these taboos in terms of inappropriate social relationships either between those who are involved and those who are not simultaneously involved in the satisfaction of a bodily need, or between those who are already satiated and those who appeared to be shamelessly gorging.

Undoubtedly, such elements exist in the taboo, but there is an additional element which has much more fundamental importance. In pre-historic times when food was so precious and the on-lookers so hungry, not to offer half of the little food one had was unthinkable, since every glance was a plea for life. Further, during those times, people existed in nuclear or extended family groups, and the sharing of the food was literally supporting one's family or, by extension, preserving one's self.

86. In support of the argument in the passage about the validity of the taboos against eating in the presence of the others who are not eating, would imply that the society.
- Had always had a plentiful supply of food.
  - Emphasized the need to share worldly goods.
  - Emphasized the value of privacy.
  - Discouraged social interaction.
87. The writer's hypothesis concerning the origin of taboos against watching other people eat emphasizes the
- General palatability of food.
  - Religious significance of food.
  - Limited availability of food.
  - Various sources of food.

88. According to the passage, the author believes that the past attempts to explain some taboos concerning eating are  
 (A) unclear (B) inelegant  
 (C) implausible (D) unimaginative
89. In developing the main idea of the passage, the writer does one of the following.  
 (A) Gives a systematic picture of family life.  
 (B) Recognizes a system designed to guide personal behaviour.  
 (C) Simplifies a complex biological phenomenon by explaining in the terms of social needs.  
 (D) Redefines the earlier attempts to explain the origin of taboos in society.
90. Which one of the following phrases state the central idea of the passage?  
 (A) Social relationship (B) Survival of the self.  
 (C) Survival of the fittest. (D) Survival of the group.

### Vocabulary Question

91. Choose the right meaning of the given idiomatic phrase, "He burnt his finger by interfering in neighbor's affair"  
 (A) Got himself into trouble (B) Burnt himself  
 (C) Got himself insulted. (D) Got rebuked.
92. Choose the right word or phrase that is nearest in the meaning to the given key word, "DOCILE".  
 (A) Vague (B) submissive  
 (C) Stupid (D) Stubborn
93. Choose the closest in meaning to the underlined word in the given sentence. "Last night's even remarkable"  
 (A) Happening (B) Striking  
 (C) Escapade (D) Rampage
94. Pick out the word/phrase opposite or nearly opposite to the meaning of the given word "ANTIPATHY"  
 (A) Indifference (B) Willingness  
 (C) Fondness (D) Liking
95. Choose the right one-word substitution for the underlined: "Life history of a person written by another"  
 (A) Autobiography (B) Bibliography  
 (C) Biography (D) Memoir

### Syntactical ability Question:

Choose the correct alternative.

96. He inquired .....  
(A) that where I studied. (B) where I studied.  
(C) where I will study. (D) that where I will study.
97. I went to India .....  
(A) in April 25, 2012 (B) on April 25, 2012  
(C) April 25, 2012 (D) on April 25, 2012
98. The professor and author of this book .....  
(A) has been Dr. Koirala (B) were Dr. Koirala  
(C) is Dr. Koirala (D) are Dr. Koirala
99. I saw .....  
(A) the cow is let loose. (B) the cow is being let loose.  
(C) the cow was let loose. (D) the cow was already let loose.
100. He attacked .....  
(A) on me (B) against me  
(C) me (D) upon me



लोक सेवा आयोग राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, अप्राविधिक तर्फका विभिन्न सेवा/ समूह वा  
सो सरह शाखा अधिकृत पदको द्वितीय चरणको प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षा

समय: ३ घण्टा

मिति: २०७१-१२-२५ गते

पूर्णाङ्क: १००

पत्र: द्वितीय ।

विषय: शासन प्रणाली (Governance systems)

निम्न प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् (Answer of the following questions)

प्रत्येक खण्डको उत्तर बेग्ला बेग्लै उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ । अन्यथा उत्तरपुस्तिका रद्द हुनेछ । हरेक प्रश्नको अंकभार समान रहेको छ ।

खण्ड - A

१. नेपालमा विकेन्द्रीकरणको प्रयासहरू उल्लेख गर्दै स्थानीय स्वायत्त शासन ऐन, २०५५ बमोजिम स्वायत्त शासन प्रणालीका विशेषताहरू उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् । (१०)
२. नेपालको हालको शासन प्रणाली संसदीय शासन पद्धतिसँग मिल्दोजुल्दो छ भनिन्छ । संसदीय शासन पद्धतिका विशेषतासँग हाम्रो शासन प्रणालीको तुलना गर्नुहोस् । (१०)
३. शासन प्रणालीको लागि पारदर्शिता किन बाञ्छनीय हुन्छ ? नेपालको शासन प्रणालीलाई पारदर्शी बनाउनको लागि लिएका कदमहरू बताउनुहोस् । (५+५)

खण्ड - B

४. नेपालको संवैधानिक विकासक्रमका बारेमा प्रकाश पाउँ अन्तरिम संविधान, २०६३ का आधारभुत विशेषताहरू के-के हुन् ? लेख्नुहोस् । (५+५)
५. लोकतान्त्रिक शासन पद्धतिमा नागरिक चेतनाको महत्व उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् । राष्ट्र निर्माणको सन्दर्भमा जनताका जिम्मेवारी प्रष्ट पार्नुहोस् । (५+५)

खण्ड - C

६. विद्युतीय शासन भनेको के हो ? नेपालमा विद्युतीय शासनको सम्भावना बारे टिप्पणी गर्नुहोस् । (३+७)
७. नेपालमा सार्वजनिक कोषको सदुपयोग गर्न के कस्ता व्यवस्था गरिएको छ ? उल्लेख गर्दै सार्वजनिक कोष सदुपयोग गर्दा नैतिकताको भूमिकाको चर्चा गर्नुहोस् । (५+५)

८. नेपालको सार्वजनिक सेवा प्रवाह प्रभावकारी हुन सकेको छैन भन्ने जनगुनासो रहेको छ । यसलाई प्रभावकारी बनाउन के कस्ता उपायहरू अवलम्बन गर्नुपर्ला ? सुझाव दिनुहोस् । (१०)

**खण्ड - D**

९. नेपालको सार्वजनिक सेवामा मेधबी जनशक्ति आकर्षण गर्ने र ती जनशक्तिको कार्यसम्पादन स्तर अब्बल बनाई राख्न लोकसेवा आयोग र सेवा सञ्चालन गर्ने निकायले के कस्तो भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नुपर्ने ठान्नुहुन्छ ? उल्लेख गर्नुहोस् । (५+५)
१०. सहभागितामुलक योजनाको सन्दर्भमा नेपालमा भएका सुधार प्रयासहरूको सिंहावलोकन गर्नुहोस् । (१०)