

21. 2059 Q. No. 7a

Write a few paragraphs describing your town or village and what visitors can do there. [10]

22. 2058 Q. No. 7c

Write a brief geographical description of your country. Include only important and interesting information. [10]

4. Story Writing

1. 2072 Set E Q.No. 7b

Tell the story of a time when you had a narrow escape. [10]

2. 2071 Set A Q.No. 7c

Write a story describing the extraordinary encounter between a man and a tiger. [10]

3. 2069 Supp Q.No. 7b

Tell the story of a dream you have had. [10]

4. 2066 Q.No. 7 c

Write a short story about someone who has been successful because of his hard work. [10]

5. 2065 Q. No. 7 b

Write a story about someone whose plans went horribly wrong. [10]

6. 2064 Q.No. 7 b

Write a story ending "I never saw him/her again." [10]

7. 2061 Q. No. 7a

Imagine that, 50 years from now, someone in your class is very popular, write an account of his/her life. [10]

8. 2058 Q. No. 7b

Write a story about someone whose plans went horribly wrong. [10]

The Magic of Words

1. Stories of The Supernatural

The Recurring Dream: A Story from England

Short Answer Questions

1. 2072 Set C Q.No. 5a

What do you think is the reason some people have recurring dreams? [5]

2. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 5a

Why did Janet want to take Kim to her parents' farm for a few days? [5]

3. 2071 Set A Q.No. 5b

What is Kim's recurring dream about? Discuss it in brief. [5]

4. 2071 Set C Q.No. 5a

Why does Janet Wilson suggest Kim to go to her parent's farm house? [5]

5. 2071 Set D Q.No. 5a

Describe the man Kim sees in the house. [5]

6. 2069 Supp Q.No. 5a

What does the little, old man do when he sees Kim at the door? [5]

7. 2063 Q. No. 5 a

Why do some people have recurring dreams? Give your opinion. [5]

8. 2059 Q. No. 5 a

Why does Janet want to take Kim to her parents' farm for a few days? [5]

Long Answer Questions

9. 2072 Set E Q.No. 4a

Summarise the story of "The Recurring Dream" in your own words. [10]

10. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 4a

What sort of dream does Kimberly have every night? Describe it briefly. [10]

11. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 4 a

Describe the mysterious dream Kimberly Clark has. [10]

12. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 4a

Summarize the story "The Recurring Dream".

[10]

13. 2067 Q.No. 4 b

Write about an interesting dream you saw recently. What is the special meaning of your dream?

[10]

14. 2061 Q. No. 4 c

Do dreams have any connection to our real life? Discuss your personal view. Also relate to the story "The Recurring Dream".

[10]

15. 2058 Q. No. 4 c

Write about a dream that you have seen recently.

[10]

The Lost Doll: Story from Columbia**Short Answer Questions****1. 2069 Q. No. 5a**

What evidence is there in the story to show that Carmen and Evangelina were alike?

[5]

2. 2069 Partial Q. No. 5c

Rosa said to her husband, "False hope is not good". When does hope become false?

[5]

3. 2068 Q.No 5a

Make a comparison between Roberto and Rosa Soto.

[5]

4. 2062 Q. No. 5 a

What evidences are there in the story to show that the Soto family was poor?

[5]

5. 2060 Q. No. 5 a

In what ways were Maria del Carmen and Evangelina alike?

[5]

Long Answer Questions**6. 2072 Set C Q.No. 4a**

Rewrite the story of "The Lost Doll" in your own words.

[10]

7. 2072 Set D Q.No. 4c

Describe the situation of Roberto Soto's family after the death of Maria del Carmen.

[10]

8. 2071 Set A Q.No. 4a

Describe the grief of Roberto and his wife at the tragic death of their daughter Carmen.

[10]

9. 2071 Set B Q.No. 4a

Summarise the story of "The Lost Doll" in your own words.

[10]

The House Call: Story from Germany**Short Answer Questions****1. 2072 Set D Q.No. 5b**

Why was the doctor tired? What was he doing when a girl knocked at the door?

[5]

2. 2072 Set E Q.No. 5a

What was the doctor doing when the doorbell rang? And who answered the door?

[5]

3. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 5b

Why did the doctor have a look of surprise on his face when Elda told him that her little daughter died in September?

[5]

4. 2069 Supp Q.No. 5b

Why did the little girl come to the doctor's house?

[5]

5. 2068 Q.No 5d

Who is Dr. Emil Braun? How old is he when he visits Elda?

[5]

6. 2067 Q.No. 5 a Partial

What did the mother (Elda) keep to remind her of her daughter?

[5]

7. 2063 Q. No. 5 c

Why did the doctor have a look of surprise on his face when Elda told him that her little daughter died in September?

[5]

8. 2058 Q. No. 5 a

Why did the doctor have a look of surprise on his face when Elda told him that her little daughter died in September? [5]

9. 2057 Q. No. 5 a

What did Dr. Braun discover when he went with the girl who came to his house? [5]

Long Answer Questions

10. 2066 Q.No. 4 a

What are two possible explanations of who the girl was who came to fetch the doctor? [10]

11. 2066 Q.No. 4 a Old

Summarize the story 'The House Call'. [10]

12. 2064 Q.No. 4 a

Show the points of similarities and differences between the two supernatural stories 'A House Call' and 'The Loving Mother'. [10]

Fear: Story from Mexico

Short Answer Questions

1. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 5a

Why were the people looking at Armando? [5]

2. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 5a

"Armando Gonzalez is the victim of his own psyche". Justify. [5]

3. 2070 Set D Q.No. 5a

Why were the people looking at Armando? [5]

4. 2070 Partial Q.No. 5b

Why did people have a second look Gonzalez? [5]

5. 2067 Q.No. 5 c

Why did Armando have the idea that everyone in the bank was watching him? What was the truth? [5]

6. 2065 Q. No. 5 a

What made Armando think that someone was going to rob him? [5]

7. 2061 Q. No. 5 b

What made Gonzalez think that he was going to be robbed? [5]

8. 2056 Q. No. 5 b

Why is Armando afraid of the heavy man on the bus? [5]

Long Answer Questions

9. 2068 Q.No. 4c

Sketch the character of Armando Gonzalez. [10]

10. 2067 Q.No. 4 a Partial

Write a summary of the story 'Fear'. [10]

The Loving Mother: Story from Japan

Short Answer Questions

1. 2071 Set B Q.No. 5a

Write a brief story of Shoji Sakota. [5]

2. 2070 Set C Q.No. 5a

Describe the woman who visited Mr. Sakota's pharmacy late at night. [5]

3. 2066 Q.No. 5 a Old

Do you think taking a picture of the woman was a good idea? Explain. [5]

4. 2056 Q. No. 5 a

Describe the woman who visited Mr. Sakota's pharmacy late at night. [5]

Long Answer Questions

5. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 4a

Write the story of "The Loving Mother" in your own words. [10]

6. 2070 Set D Q.No. 4c

Write the story of "The Loving Mother" from the perspective of Mr. Sakota. [10]

7. 2069 Supp Q.No. 4a

Do you think something like "The Loving Mother" could really happen? Explain. [10]

2. Men, Women and Children**My Heart Leaps up when I Behold: William Wordsworth****Short Answer Questions**

1. 2072 Set D Q.No. 5a

Summarize the poem My Heart Leaps up when I behold a rainbow in the sky. [5]

2. 2072 Set E Q.No. 5c

Explain the paradox in "The Child is father of the man." [5]

3. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 5b

Summarize the poem "My Heart Leaps Up When I Behold" in one paragraph. [5]

4. 2071 Set C Q.No. 5b

"The child is father of the man". Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons. [5]

5. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 5 c

What does the poet see between nature and a man? [5]

6. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 5c

What is the paradox in 'The Child is Father of the man'? [5]

7. 2070 Partial Q.No. 5d

Explain the paradox in the poem 'The Child is Father of The Man'. [5]

8. 2069 Partial Q. No. 5b

Why does the heart of the poet leap up when he sees a rainbow in the sky? [5]

9. 2068 Q.No 5c

In one sentence summarize the poem "My Heart Leaps Up when I Behold." [5]

10. 2066 Q.No. 5 b

What is the main theme of the poem 'My Heart Leaps up When I Behold'? [5]

11. 2060 Q. No. 5 c

Explain the paradox in "The Child is Father of The Man". [5]

12. 2059 Q. No. 5 c

Why does the heart of the poet leap up he sees a rainbow in the sky? [5]

Long Answer Questions

13. 2071 Set B Q.No. 4c

Summarise the poem "My Heart Leaps up When I Behold". [10]

14. 2070 Set D Q.No. 4b

Describe the central idea of Words Worth's "My Heart Leaps Up When I Behold". [10]

15. 2067 Q.No. 4 b Partial

What do you think is the central idea of the poem 'My Heart leaps up When I Behold'? Give reasons. [10]

Speaking of Children: Barbara Holland**Short Answer Questions**

1. 2072 Set E Q.No. 5b

What is the central idea of the essay "Speaking of Children"? [5]

2. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 5a

Why is Barbara Holland against having plural children? [5]

3. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 5a

What are the advantages and disadvantages of having plural children? Describe. [5]

4. 2070 Partial Q.No. 5a

Why is Barbara Holland not in favour of having plural children? [5]

5. 2066 Q.No. 5 c

How does the author try to convince that it is better to have one child, rather than have several children? [5]

6. 2061 Q. No. 5 a

What are the disadvantages of having plural children?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

7. 2071 Set C Q.No. 4b

What does Barbara Holland say about having many children?

[10]

8. 2069 Q. No. 4a

Why is Barbara Holland in favour of a single child? Discuss.

[10]

9. 2068 Q.No 4a

Write a newspaper article on "the advantages of having a single child."

[10]

10. 2062 Q. No. 4 a

How does Barbara Holland express her feeling about having many children?

[10]

11. 2060 Q. No. 4 a

What does Barbara Holland say about having many children?

[10]

12. 2058 Q. No. 4 a

Why is Barbara Holland in favour of a single child?

[10]

13. 2056 Q. No. 4 b

Describe the writer's attitude to plural children.

[10]

Look at a Teacup: Patricia Hampl**Short-Answer Questions**

1. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 5 d

What does the story tell us about being a woman?

[5]

2. 2070 Set C Q.No. 5c

How does Hampl see herself and her mother connected by the teacup?

[5]

3. 2070 Set D Q.No. 5d

What do you mean by "Many Things Fell That Year"?

[5]

4. 2069 Partial Q. No. 5d

Write Hampl's views on marriage.

[5]

5. 2059 Q. No. 5 b

What do you mean by 'Many things fell that year'?

[5]

6. 2057 Q. No. 5 b

Explain the daughter's attitude to marriage.

[5]

Long Answer Questions

7. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 4a

What does the essay tell us about marriage?

[10]

8. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 4b

How does Patricia Hampl see herself and her mother through the tea cup?

[10]

9. 2070 Partial Q.No. 4b

Discovering the meaning of the essay 'Look At a Teacup' depends on discovering a thread of association. Discuss.

[10]

10. 2069 Supp Q.No. 4b

What does the essay tell us about marriage, mother-daughter relationship, the importance of family and the women?

[10]

11. 2067 Q.No. 4 c Partial

"The cup is a detail, a small uncharred Finger from the mid-century bonfire." Explain.

[10]

12. 2066 Q.No. 4 b Old

Describe the tea cup and explain its association with marriage, mother-daughter relationship.

[10]

13. 2065 Q. No. 4 b

Describe what the essay tells us about women and marriage.

[10]

14. 2062 Q. No. 4 b

What does Patricia Hampl say about women, marriage, mother daughter relationship and importance of a family?

[10]

15. 2060 Q. No. 4 c

"The cup is a detail a small uncharred finger from the mid century bonfire". Explain [10]

A Worn Path: Eudora Welty

Short Answer Questions

1. 2072 Set E Q.No. 5d

What did old Phoenix do when she was knocked down by the dog? [5]

2. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 5c

Show an analogy between the mythical bird "Phoenix" and Phoenix Jackson. [5]

3. 2069 Supp Q.No. 5c

Why is Phoenix Jackson taking a long trip to town? [5]

4. 2067 Q.No. 5 a

Why does Phoenix take the long trip to town? [5]

5. 2065 Q. No. 5 b

Describe two obstacles Old Phoenix comes-up against on her way to the hospital and how she deals with them. [5]

6. 2062 Q. No. 5 b

Why does Phoenix keep talking to herself? What do her monologues add to the total portrait of her? [5]

Long Answer Questions

7. 2072 Set D Q.No. 4a

How was Phoenix Jackson's journey to the town? Discuss. [10]

8. 2071 Set A Q.No. 4b

Discuss old Phoenix's long trip to the town. [10]

9. 2071 Set D Q.No. 4a

Why did Phoenix Jackson make a trip to the town? What obstacles did she face on her way? [10]

10. 2070 Partial Q.No. 4a

Why did Phoenix Jackson make a trip to the town? What obstacles did she face on her way? [10]

11. 2069 Q. No. 4b

How does Phoenix Jackson show unconscious heroism to overcome the obstacles she comes across during her journey? Explain. [10]

12. 2066 Q.No. 4 c Old

Explain the journey of Phoenix Jackson to the town. How does she show unconscious heroism to overcome the obstacles she comes across? [10]

13. 2064 Q.No. 4 b

How does Phoenix Jackson show unconscious heroism through her journey to town? Why does she undertake this journey and how does she overcome all the obstacles she comes across on the way? [10]

14. 2063 Q. No. 4 b

'A Worn Path' is a story of unconscious heroism of Phoenix Jackson.' Discuss. [10]

15. 2059 Q. No. 4 a

What was the purpose of Phoenix Jackson's trip to town? What obstacles did she face on her way? [10]

16. 2056 Q. No. 4 a

Describe Phoenix Jackson and the journey she makes to the town of Natchez. [10]

The Three-Day Blow: Ernest Hemingway

Short Answer Questions

1. 2064 Q.No. 5 d

What is the relationship between the three-day blow and Nick's mental condition? [5]

2. 2057 Q. No. 5 c

What did Nick and Bill talk about? [5]

Long Answer Questions

3. 2072 Set C Q.No. 4c

Discuss "The Three Day Blow" as a dramatic story.

[10]

4. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 4 b

Describe the "Three Day Blow" as a dramatic story.

[10]

5. 2061 Q. No. 4 b

Discuss "The Three Day Blow" as a dramatic story.

[10]

6. 2069 Partial Q. No. 4a

Discuss "The Three Day Blow" as a dramatic story.

[10]

3. Ecology And Environment**The Poplar Field: W. Cowper****Short Answer Questions**

1. 2072 Set C Q.No. 5b

Summarize the poem "The Poplar Field" in a paragraph.

[5]

2. 2071 Set A Q.No. 5a

How does the poet plead for a defence of nature conservation through the poem?

[5]

3. 2071 Set B Q.No. 5b

Summarise the poem "The Poplar Field" in one paragraph.

[5]

4. 2070 Set D Q.No. 5b

Summarize the poem "The Poplar Field" in one paragraph.

[5]

5. 2069 Q. No. 5c

How does the poem "The Poplar Field" defend the conservation of nature? Elaborate.

[5]

6. 2067 Q.No. 5 b

Interpret the poem "The Poplar Field" in your own words.

[5]

7. 2058 Q. No. 5 b

What changes did the poet see in the poplar field when he came back after 12 years?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

8. 2072 Set E Q.No. 4c

Write how the poet links up the idea of the cut down poplars with the end of human life and pleasure. [10]

9. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 4b

Describe how W. Cowper has expressed his defence of nature conservation in the poem "The Poplar Field". [10]

10. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 4b

Describe the poem "The Poplar Field". Write what the poet wants to show through it.

[10]

11. 2071 Set C Q.No. 4c

Summarise the poem "The Poplar Field". What lesson do you learn from the poem? Explain. [10]

12. 2070 Set C Q.No. 4b

Write a summary of the poem "The Poplar Field".

[10]

13. 2066 Q.No. 4 c

How is the chopping down of trees compared to a man's life in the poem "The Poplar field"? [10]

14. 2060 Q. No. 4 b

Write a summary of the poem "The Poplar Field".

[10]

15. 2059 Q. No. 4 b

Discuss how the poet links up the idea of the cut down poplars with the end of human life and pleasures. [10]

The Nightmare Life without Fuel: Isaac Asimov**Short Answer Questions**

1. 2072 Set D Q.No. 5c

What does "The Nightmare Life Without Fuel" tell us?

[5]

2. 2071 Set B Q.No. 5d

What kind of serious problems could a fuel shortage cause? [5]

3. 2069 Q. No. 5b

According to the author, what will be the advantages of fuel crisis? Explain. [5]

4. 2058 Q. No. 5c

According to the author, what will be the advantage of the fuel crisis? [5]

Long Answer Questions**5. 2067 Q.No. 4 a**

Explain the advantages and disadvantages of fuel crisis. [10]

6. 2065 Q. No. 4 c

Drawing ideas from 'The Nightmare Life Without Fuel' and using your own, discuss what will happen if the fuel resources of the world are finished. [10]

7. 2063 Q. No. 4 c

What specific problem does Asimov focus on in his essay "The Nightmare Life Without Fuel"? [10]

8. 2062 Q. No. 4 c

What will happen if we do not conserve the world's natural resources? [10]

9. 2057 Q. No. 4 a

Describe what the writer thinks will happen when fuel begins to run out. [10]

10. 2056 Q. No. 4 c

Describe what the writer thinks will happen in the future. [10]

Unchopping a Tree: W.S. Merwin**Short Answer Questions****1. 2067 Q.No. 5 b Partial**

What does the essay "Unchopping a tree" suggest about conservation? [5]

2. 2066 Q.No. 5 b Old

Is unchopping a tree possible? What does the essay suggest about conservation? [5]

3. 2064 Q.No. 5 c

What is Merwin implying by asking the reader to unchop the tree? Discuss briefly his plea against deforestation. [5]

Long Answer Questions**4. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 4 c**

What does the writer of "Unchopping a Tree" suggest about conservation and against deforestation? Describe it in your own words. [Unchopping a Tree] [10]

Keeping Things Whole: Mark Strand**Short Answer Questions****1. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 5c**

How does the poet view himself in the field, in the air and in the backdrop? [5]

2. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 5 a

Write a summary of the poem "Keeping Things Whole". [5]

3. 2069 Supp Q.No. 5d

How does the poet view his existence in the field and in the air? [5]

4. 2062 Q. No. 5 c

Interpret the poem "Keeping Things Whole". [5]

4. Humour**Concrete Cat: Dorthi Charles****Short Answer Questions****1. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 5b**

Summarise the poem "Concrete Cat" as a concrete poem. [5]

2. 2071 Set D Q.No. 5d

Describe "Concrete Cat" as a concrete poem. [5]

3. 2070 Set C Q.No. 5d

Justify "Concrete Cat" as a Concrete poem.

[5]

4. 2063 Q. No. 5 b

'Concrete Cat' is an example of a 'Concrete Poem'. How?

[5]

Oops ! How's that again?: Roger Rosenblatt

Short Answer Questions

1. 2071 Set C Q.No. 5c

Give an example of Spoonerism. (Oops! How is That Again)

[5]

2. 2066 Q.No. 5 c Old

Into what groups has Rosenblatt organized his numerous examples of verbal missteps?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

3. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 4c

What explanation does Rosenblatt advance for the human tendency to make verbal errors? Is the reader meant to regard all of the theories with equal seriousness?

[10]

4. 2064 Q.No. 4 c

What are the different types of verbal errors? Why do we commit them? Why do we laugh at them?

[10]

5. Identify, Gender and Ethnicity

Malini: Rabindranath Tagore

Short Answer Questions

1. 2072 Set C Q.No. 5c

Draw the character sketch of Supriya.

[5]

2. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 5d

Write a story of Supriya as a betrayer.

[5]

3. 2071 Set B Q.No. 5c

Why does Malini ask for her own banishment from the palace?

[5]

4. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 5 b

Draw a character-sketch of Kemankar in about 100 words.

[5]

5. 2070 Set D Q.No. 5e

Would you call Supriya a betrayer? Give your answer with reasons.

[5]

6. 2069 Q. No. 5d

How is the character of Supriya different from that of Kemankar? Discuss.

[5]

7. 2067 Q.No. 5 d Partial

Sketch the character of Kemankar.

[5]

8. 2066 Q.No. 5 d Old

Would you call Supriya a betrayer? Give reasons for your answer.

[5]

9. 2065 Q. No. 5 d

Would you call Supriya a betrayer? Give reasons for your answer.

[5]

10. 2064 Q.No. 5 b

Give a character sketch of Malini.

[5]

11. 2063 Q. No. 5 d

What is the reason that Malini asks for her own banishment from the palace?

[5]

12. 2062 Q. No. 5 d

How is the character of Supriya different from that of Kemankar?

[5]

13. 2058 Q. No. 5 d

Why were the Brahmins demanding for the banishment of Malini?

[5]

14. 2056 Q. No. 5 c

Why does Kemankar leave the kingdom?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

15. 2072 Set D Q.No. 4b

Malini is a play of 'love and hatred'. Explain this statement in the context of the play Malini. Write how Malini shows her greatness at the end of the play. [10]

16. 2072 Set E Q.No. 4b

Why does Malini ask for her own banishment from the palace? Does the king banish her? If not why? [10]

17. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 4c

Sketch the character of Malini. [10]

18. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 4c

"Malini" is a story of love and hatred. Elucidate. [10]

19. 2071 Set A Q.No. 4c

Discuss Malini as the story of love and hatred. [10]

20. 2071 Set C Q.No. 4a

Discuss how Malini is a story of love and hatred. [10]

21. 2071 Set D Q.No. 4b

Write the story of Malini. [10]

22. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 4c

Draw a character sketch of Malini and show how she is different from other character. [10]

23. 2070 Set C Q.No. 4a

Sketch the character of Malini. [10]

24. 2070 Partial Q.No. 4c

'Malini' is a play full of compassion as well as scorn. Justify this statement. [10]

25. 2069 Supp Q.No. 4c

Draw a character sketch of Kemankar and show how he is different from Supriya [10]

26. 2069 Partial Q. No. 4c

The play "Malini" ends with a suspense of whether or not the king forgives Kemankar. Do you think the king fulfils Malini's request to forgive Kemankar? [10]

27. 2067 Q.No. 4 c

Sketch a Character of Malini. [10]

28. 2061 Q. No. 4 a

Sketch the character of Malini. [10]

29. 2059 Q. No. 4 c

Draw a character sketch of Malini. [10]

30. 2057 Q. No. 4 b

Describe the character of Malini. [10]

6. Life and Death**The Six Million Dollar Man: Harold J. Morowitz****Short Answer Questions**

1. 2071 Set C Q.No. 5e

Why did the writer say he was a Six Million Dollar Man? [5]

2. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 5d

Why did the writer claim that he was a Six Million Dollar Man? Explain. [5]

3. 2069 Partial Q. No. 5e

Why does the author say that the body of each person is definitely precious? [5]

4. 2067 Q.No. 5 d

Is human being a Six Million Dollar Man? Explain. [5]

5. 2061 Q. No. 5 b

How does the writer come to the conclusion that each human being is priceless? [5]

6. 2060 Q. No. 5 b

In every human being a 'Six Million Dollar Man'? Explain your answer. [5]

7. 2056 Q. No. 5 d

Why did the writer say he was a Six Million Dollar Man?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

8. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 4b

How does the writer come to the conclusion that human beings are infinitely priceless?

[10]

9. 2071 Set B Q.No. 4b

How does the writer in the essay "The six Million Dollar Man" try to justify that human beings are priceless.

[10]

10. 2070 Set D Q.No. 4a

How does the writer in the essay "The Six Million Dollar Man" try to justify that human beings are priceless.

[10]

11. 2066 Q.No. 4 b

How does the writer in the essay 'The Six Million Dollar Man' try to justify that human beings are priceless?

[10]

12. 2063 Q. No. 4 a

Explain Harold J. Morowitz's joy in discovering that he is a Six Million Dollar Man.

[10]

On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness: Arthur Guiterman**Short Answer Questions**

1. 2071 Set A Q.No. 5d

Write a summary of the poem 'On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness'.

[5]

2. 2067 Q.No. 5 c Partial

Summarise the poem 'On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness'.

[5]

3. 2066 Q.No. 5 d

How is human vanity laughed at in the poem "On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness"?

[5]

4. 2064 Q.No. 5 a

What are the different examples used by the poet to show the vanity of earthly greatness?

[5]

5. 2057 Q. No. 5 d

What changes to people and objects are described in the poem, "On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness"?

[5]

Long Answer Questions

6. 2072 Set C Q.No. 4b

Summarize the poem "On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness".

[10]

7. 2071 Set D Q.No. 4c

Write a summary of the poem "On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness."

[10]

In Bed: Joan Didion**Short Answer Questions**

1. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 5c

What are the symptoms and treatment of migraine?

[5]

2. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 5d

According to the author, how do migraines differ from ordinary headaches?

[5]

3. 2071 Set C Q.No. 5d

What popular misconceptions about migraine headache does Didion want to correct? Explain.

[5]

4. 2071 Set D Q.No. 5b

What is a migraine headache? Write its symptoms and treatment.

[5]

5. 2070 Set C Q.No. 5b

What popular misconceptions about migraine headaches does Didion want to correct?

[5]

6. 2070 Set D Q.No. 5c

What is a migraine headache? How does it differ from ordinary headache?

[5]

7. 2069 Partial Q. No. 5a

Differentiate migraine from ordinary headache.

[5]

8. 2066 Q.No. 5 a
Describe the author's experiences with migraines. [5]
9. 2065 Q. No. 5 c
What popular misconceptions about migraine headache does Didion want to correct? [5]
10. 2061 Q. No. 5 c
Why does the writer consider herself fortunate that her husband has migraine? What would happen if he did not have it? [5]

Long Answer Questions

11. 2058 Q. No. 4 b
Write about the suffering and bitter experience of Joan Didion as a migrainous person. [10]
12. 2068 Q.No 4b
What is migraine headache? Write its symptoms and treatment. [10]

The Gardener: Rudyard Kipling

Short Answer Questions

1. 2072 Set C Q.No. 5d
How do you know who the gardener really is? [5]
2. 2072 Set D Q.No. 5d
Write with clear explanation 'Who the gardener could be'. [5]
3. 2072 Partial A Q.No. 5d
Describe, briefly, the ending of the story "The Gardener". [5]
4. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 5b
What mystery does the story The Gardener tell you? [5]
5. 2071 Set A Q.No. 5c
Give a clear picture of the gardener in one paragraph. [5]
6. 2071 Set D Q.No. 5c
What mystery do you find in the story "The Gardener"? [5]
7. 2070 Partial Q.No. 5d
What mystery do you find in the story 'The Gardner'? [5]
8. 2068 Q.No 5b
Why did Helen Turrell tell lies to her neighbours about her own son? [5]
9. 2067 Q.No. 5 e Partial
What is the truth behind each of the lies Helen tells the village? [5]
10. 2060 Q. No. 5 d
What is the real relation between Helen and Michael? [5]
11. 2059 Q. No. 5 d
What was the effect of Michael's death on Helen? [5]

Long Answer Questions

12. 2070 Set C Q.No. 4c
"Helen Turrell" is ashamed that Michael is her son'. Do you agree with this statement? [10]
13. 2069 Q. No. 4c
Sketch the character of Helen on the basis of the story. [10]
14. 2069 Partial Q. No. 4b
How does Kipling in "The Gardener" describe the contemporary society? [10]
15. 2065 Q. No. 4 a
Sketch the character of Helen. [10]
16. 2057 Q. No. 4 c
"Helen Turrell is ashamed that Michael is her son." Do you agree with this statement? [10]

Meaning into Words

1. Places

1. 2067 Q.No. 9 Partial

What can you have done at the following places?

[5]

- (a) Dentist's
- (b) Hairdresser's
- (c) Librarian's
- (d) Mechanic's
- (e) Optician's

Ans: (a) I can have my teeth checked (b) I can have my hair coloured. (c) I can have my book renewed. (d) I can have my car repaired. (e) I can have my eyes checked.

2. Decisions and Intentions

1. 2071 Set D Q.No. 8

Add a decision to these remarks.

[5]

Example: I'll go for a walk.

I think, I'll go for a walk. The weather is fine.

- a. I'm getting much too fat.
- b. I'm fed up with my job.
- c. She seems very friendly.
- d. I really must try and get rid of this cough ...
- e. I hope they're not worried about me...

Ans: (a) I think I'll eat less. I want reduce the weight. (b) I think I'll quit the job. I want a new job. (c) I think I'll make her my friend. She's friendly. (d) I think I'll visit the doctor. My chest terribly pains/ aches. (e) I don't think I'll call them. I reach there in time.

2. 2069 Q. No. 10

Decide to do/ not to do these things and add a reason.

[5]

For example: go for a walk → *I think I will go for a walk. The weather is lovely.*

- a. to learn to drive
- b. to go swimming
- c. not to have any more to eat
- d. not to invite Jane to your party
- e. to give up smoking

Ans: (a) I think I will learn to drive. Driving is a necessary skill for human life. (b) I think I will go to swimming. Swimming is my passion. (c) I don't think I will have any more to eat. I am getting fat. (d) I don't think I will invite Jane to party. She is not friendly. (e) I think I will give up smoking. Smoking is injurious to health.

3. 2066 Q.No. 8

Add a decision to these remarks:

[5]

- a. I'm a bit tired today. I think
- b. She is getting much too thin. I don't think
- c. You look happy with your job
- d. They have had enough to eat
- e. Hitchhiking is terribly dangerous

Ans: (a) I think I will take rest. (b) I don't think I'll advise her for a diet. (c) I don't think I'll quit the job. (d) I think I'll borrow some. (e) I don't think I'll hitchhike.

4. 2060 Q. No. 10

Rewrite these sentences, using the word in brackets, so that they mean the same.

[5]

Example: *Perhaps I won't have any breakfast today. (think)*

I don't think I'll have any breakfast today.

- a. Perhaps I'll go for a walk. (think)
- b. They heard the news while they were having lunch. (when)
- c. I love people admiring my clothes. (having)
- d. The college runs examination every four months. (year)
- e. You can get up whenever you like. (any time)

Ans: (a) I think I'll go for a walk; (b) They were having lunch when they heard the news; (c) I love having my clothes admired; (d) The college runs examination three times a year; (e) You can get up anytime you like.

3. Jobs and Routine

1. 2072 Set C Q.No. 11

Explain what the following people do:

[5]

- a. a night watchman b. a mechanic. a plumber
d. a receptionist e. a secretary

Ans: (a) A night watchman is the person who looks after the building at night. (b) A mechanic is a person who repairs the vehicles. (c) A plumber is the person who fits water pipes. (d) A receptionist is the person who welcomes the guests or customers in an office or organizations. (e) A secretary is the person who keeps records or writes letters in an office.

2. 2072 Set D Q.No. 9

Write a conversation similar to the example given below:

[5]

A: Where do you work?

B: I work in the library.

C: Oh, so you are a librarian.

D: No, I'm a book-checker.

- a. College | principal | lecturer
b. Police station | policeman | secretary

Ans: (a) A: Where do you work? B: I work in college. C: Oh, so you are a principal. D: No, I'm a lecturer. (b) A: Where do you work? B: I work in the police station. C: Oh, so you are a policeman. D: No, I'm secretary.

3. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 9

Explain what these people do.

[5]

Example: a secretary

A secretary is a person who writes letters, manages documents and assists the boss.

- a. a cashier b. a gardener c. an airhostess
d. a receptionist e. a plumber

Ans: (a) A cashier is a person who counts money/deals with the money in the bank or other offices. (b) A gardener is a person who looks after the garden (c) An air hostess is a person who serves the passengers in the plane. (d) A receptionist is a person who receives or welcomes the guest in a hotel or organization. (e) A plumber is a person who fits water pipes.

4. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 11

Write a sentence each saying how often Mark does different things.

[5]

- a. Have bath (morning, evening)
b. Visit parents (Sundays)
c. Change job (1996, 1998, 2000, 2002)
d. Have haircut (1 March, 15 March, 1 April, ...)
e. See the doctor (January, June, July, ...)

Ans: (a) He has a bath twice a day. (b) He visits his parents once a week. (c) He changes his job every two weeks. (d) He has his hair cut every fortnight. (e) He sees the doctor three times a year.

5. 2071 Supp. Q.No. 11

Explain what these people do.

[5]

Example: A teacher is someone who teaches at a school.

- a. A gardener b. A secretary e. A nurse
c. A mother d. A doctor

Ans: (a) A gardener is someone who looks after the garden. (b) A secretary is someone who keeps record and in an office. (c) A mother is someone who gives birth. (d) A doctor is someone who treats the patients in hospital or clinic. (e) A who serves patients in hospital

6. 2071 Set A Q.No. 11

Explain what the following people do:

[5]

- a. a mechanic b. a gardener c. an architect
d. a plumber e. a doctor

Ans: (a) A mechanic is a person who repairs the vehicles. (b) A gardener is a person who takes care of the garden. (c) An architect is a person who designs the buildings. (d) A plumber is a person who fits the water pipes. (e) A doctor is a person who checks-up the patients.

7. 2071 Set B Q.No. 9

Write similar conversations as shown in the example, using the ideas given below: [5]

A: Where do you work?

B: I work at the local hospital.

A: Oh, so you are a doctor, are you?

B: No, I'm a gardener. I look after the garden around the hospital.

a. Library/ librarian/ cleaner

b. Police station/ policeman/ secretary

Ans:

(a) A: Where do you work?

B: I work at library.

A: Oh, so you are a librarian, are you?

B: No, I'm a cleaner. I clean the library.

(b) A: Where do you work?

B: I work at police station.

A: Oh, so you are a policeman, are you?

B: No, I'm a secretary. I assist the chief.

8. 2071 Set B Q.No. 10

Explain what these people do: [5]

a. A cashier

b. A gardener

c. A plumber

d. A teacher

e. A bus driver

Ans: (a) A cashier is a person who handles the money in the bank. (b) A gardener is a person who takes care of the garden. (c) A plumber is a person who fits the water pipe. (d) A teacher is a person who teaches in schools colleges. (e) A bus driver is a person who drives the buses.

9. 2071 Set C Q.No. 11

Write a sentence each saying how often Mark does different things. [5×1=5]

a. Have bath (morning, evening)

b. Visit parents (Sundays)

c. Change job (1996, 1998, 2000, 2002)

d. Have hair cut (1 March, 15 March, 1 April ...)

e. See the doctor (January, June, July, ...)

Ans: (a) He has his bath twice a day. (b) He visits parents every Sundays. (c) He changes his job in every two year. (d) He has his hair cut twice a month. (e) He sees the doctor three times a year.

10. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 11

Rewrite the following sentences using the adverbs from the list to show precise frequency; use once only. [5]

always, often, never, usually, occasionally

a. We go for a picnic.

b. I brush my teeth after food.

c. She has an English lesson.

d. I don't drink wine.

e. Do you take a bath?

Ans: (a) We occasionally go for a picnic. (b) I always brush my teeth after food. (c) She usually has an English lesson. (d) I never drink wine. (e) Do you often take a bath?

11. 2070 Set D Q.No. 10

Explain what these people do. [5]

Example: A secretary

A secretary is a person who writes letters and keeps records in the office.

a. A receptionist

b. An air hostess

c. A plumber

d. A mechanic

e. A gardener

Ans: (a) A receptionist is a person who receives phone calls. (b) An airhostess is a person who provides service at the aeroplane. (c) A plumber is a person who fixes pipes. (d) A mechanic is a person who repairs cars. (e) A gardener is a person who looks after the garden.

12. 2070 Partial Q.No. 10

Explain what these people do:

[5]

Example: A gardener

A gardener is a person who looks after the garden.

- a. A mechanic b. A plumber c. A receptionist
d. An airhostess e. A secretary

Ans: (a) A mechanic is a person who repairs cars. (b) A plumber is a person who fixes pipes. (c) A receptionist is a person who receives phone calls. (d) An airhostess is a person who provides services at the aeroplane. (e) A secretary is a person who helps her boss and serves people in the office.

13. 2069 Partial Q. No. 10

Explain what these people do:

[5]

Example: a secretary

A secretary writes letters and keeps record.

- a. a cashier b. a mechanic
c. a plumber d. a night watchman e. a receptionist

Ans: (a) A cashier cashes the cheques in the bank; (b) A mechanic mends / repairs the machine parts; (c) A plumber repairs the water pipes; (d) A night watchman keeps watch on houses and building during night; (e) A receptionist receives the calls and takes appointments.

14. 2068 Q.No 11

Change the following sentences into passive.

[3]

- a. His newspaper pays him a huge salary.
b. They publish all his articles.
c. They send him all over the world.

Ans: (a) He is paid a huge salary by his newspaper. (b) All his articles are published. (c) He is sent all over the world.

15. 2067 Q.No. 8

Explain what these people do:

[5]

Example: a Secretary

- A secretary is a person who writes letters, manages documents and assists the boss.

- (a) a cashier (b) a gardener
(c) an airhostess (d) a receptionist (e) a plumber

Ans: (a) is a person who receives and pays out money in a bank, shop, hotel etc. (b) is a person who works in garden. (c) is a person who provides service in aeroplane. (d) is a person who receives or deals with people arriving at or telephoning in a hotel (e) is a person who fits or repairs water pipe.

16. 2067 Q.No. 8 Partial

Change the following sentences into passive using 'get':

[5]

Example: People often telephone in the middle of the night.

Ans: I often get telephoned in the middle of the night.

- (a) Now and again they call me to a road accident.
(b) People occasionally threaten me.
(c) People usually leave me a tip.
(d) People give me something to eat now and again.
(e) From time to time they ask me for my autograph.

Ans: (a) Now and again I get called to a road accident. (b) I occasionally get threatened. (c) I usually get left a tip. (d) I often get something to eat now and again. (e) From time to time I get asked for my autograph.

17. 2066 Q.No. 9 Old

Change the following into passive as shown in the example:

[5]

Example: He publishes an article everyday.

An article is published everyday.

- (a) His newspaper pays him a huge salary.
(b) Ron Glib made a mistake.
(c) My brother has sent me a camera.
(d) The police arrested the criminals.

- (e) They ask us some questions.

Ans: (a) He is paid a huge salary by his newspaper. (b) A mistake was made by Ron Glib. (c) A camera has been sent to me by my brother. or, I have been sent a camera by his newspaper. (d) The criminals were arrested by the police. (e) We are asked some questions.

18. 2061 Q. No. 8

Write a sentence each saying how often Mark does different things.

[5]

- Have bath (morning/ evening)
- Visit parents (Sundays)
- Change job (1996, 1998, 2000, 2002)
- Have haircut (1 March, 15 March, 1 April)
- See the doctor (January, Feb, March)

Ans: (a) Mark has a bath twice a day. (b) He visits his parents once a week/every Sunday. (c) He changes his job once in two years/every two years. (d) He has his haircut twice a month/every two weeks/once a fortnight. (e) He sees the doctor once a month.

19. 2060 Q. No. 8

Read the following conversation carefully and then construct similar conversation using the ideas given. Each time, say exactly what you do in your job.

[5]

Example: *hospital/ doctor?/ gardener*

A: *Where do you work?*

B: *I work at the hospital.*

A: *Oh, so you're a doctor, are you?*

B: *No, I'm a gardener. I look after the gardens around the hospital.*

- Police station/ policeman? / secretary
- Library/ librarian? / cleaner
- language school/ language teacher? Sweeper
- bus station/ ticket collector? / porter
- airport/ pilot? / air hostess

Ans: (a) A: Where do you work? B: I work at the police station. A: Oh, so you are a policeman, are you? B: No, I'm a secretary. I write letters and keep records. (b) A: Where do you work? B: I work at the library. A: Oh, so you're a librarian, are you? B: No, I'm a cleaner. I clean the library rooms. (c) A: Where do you work? B: I work at the language school. A: Oh, so you're a language teacher, are you? B: No, I'm a sweeper. I sweep the class rooms. (d) A: Where do you work? B: I work at the bus station. A: Oh, so you're a ticket collector, are you? B: No, I'm a porter there. I carry the luggage of the passenger. (e) A: Where do you work? B: I work at the airport. A: Oh, so you're a pilot, are you? B: No, I'm an air hostess. I serve the passengers in the plane.

20. 2058 Q. No. 8

Explain what these people do:

[5]

Example: *a secretary*

A secretary writes letters and keeps records.

- a cashier
- a mechanic
- a plumber
- a night watchman
- a receptionist

Ans: (a) A cashier cashes the cheques in the bank; (b) A mechanic mends / repairs the machine parts; (c) A plumber repairs the water pipes; (d) A night watchman keeps watch on houses and building during night; (e) A receptionist receives the calls and takes appointments.

4. Direction

1. 2057 Q. No. 8

Complete the following sentences by filling in the blanks with the best word from the brackets. [5×1]

- Rita walked _____ (through/ between/ across) the door.
- The dog ran _____ (through/ between/ across) the road.
- The students fell _____ (down/ off/ between) the wall.
- The river flows _____ (under, between, along) the bridge.
- The woman cycled _____ (through/ down/ out of) the hill.

Ans: (a) through (b) across (c) down (d) under (e) down

5. Past Events

1. 2071 Set A Q.No. 10

Construct a true sentence, using the passive, about each of the following. Choose the most suitable verb from the list. [5]

(Verb list: destroy, paint, design, invent, discover, assassinate)

Example: Mona Lisa (Leonardo da Vinci)

The Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci

- America (Christopher Columbus)
- St. Paul's Cathedral (Christopher Wren)
- London (fire; 1666)
- Penicillin (Alexander Fleming)
- President Kennedy (Dallas, 1963)

Ans: (a) America was discovered by Christopher Columbus. (b) St. Paul's cathedral was designed by Christopher Wren. (c) London was destroyed by fire in 1666. (d) Penicillin was invented by Alexander Fleming. (e) President Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas in 1963.

2. 2070 Set A Supp Q.No. 8

Write sentences in the past tense using the verbs given below: [5]

drive, seek, crawl, ride, lie

Ans: (a) He drove the car himself. (b) Mr. Sharma sought his girl friend during whole day. (c) The soldier crawled through the tunnel. (d) I rode the motorbike to pick up my father. (e) She lied that she did not have the cell phone.

3. 2067 Q.No. 9

Write a true of each using passive voice. Use the most appropriate verbs: [5]

Example: Mona Lisa (Leonardo da Vinci)

Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| (a) Hamlet (William Shakespeare) | found |
| (b) London (Fire: 1666) | assassinate |
| (c) The Pyramids (ancient Egyptians) | build |
| (d) President Kennedy (Dallas: 1963) | destroy |
| (e) The Society of Authors (1884) | write |

Ans: (a) Hamlet was written by William Shakespeare. (b) London was destroyed by fire in 1666. (c) The pyramids were built by ancient Egyptians. (d) President Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas in 1963. (e) The Society of Authors was founded in 1884.

4. 2066 Q.No. 11

Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions [5]

- Moona was born Tuesday, 15 June.
- What will happen the 22nd Century?
- We must pay our bills the end of June.
- You must take your shoes before entering a temple.
- Do not throw rubbish out the window.

Ans: (a) on, (b) in (c) at (d) off (e) of

5. 2065 Q. No. 8

Using the information below, write a sentence each in the passive: [5]

- Mona Lisa, Leonardo da Vinci, Paint
- Penicillin, Alexander Fleming, discover
- The pyramids, ancient Egyptians, build
- The Singh Durbar, the Rana regime, build
- Muna Madan, Devkota, write

Ans: (a) Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci (b) Penicillin was discovered by Alexander Fleming (c) The pyramids were built by ancient Egyptians. (d) The Singh Durbar was built by the Rana regime. (e) Muna Madan was written by Devkota.

6. 2058 Q. No. 9

Use the following verbs in the passive voice. [5]

Example: Write- Hamlet was written by Shakespeare

(a) publish (b) send (c) cheat (d) arrest (e) confiscate

Ans: (a) Hamlet was published in 17th century by cup; (b) This letter has been sent by my penfriend; (c) We were easily cheated yesterday; (d) The thieves were arrested by the police; (e) Our democratic rights have been confiscated by the government.

7. 2056 Q. No. 8

Write answers for the following questions using the words in brackets. Begin each answer with the words given. [5×1]

Examples: *When was your brother born?* → *My brother (1992).*

Answer: *My brother was born in 1992.*

a. What time did she get up this morning?

She got up (seven o'clock)

b. When did you first meet Ben?

I first met Ben (three weeks ago)

c. When did you buy your shoes?

I bought my shoes (January)

d. When was the bicycle invented?

The bicycle was invented (the nineteenth century)

e. When did they go to India?

They went to India (the summer)

Ans: (a) at 7 o'clock. (b) No preposition (c) In January. (d) in the nineteenth century. (e) in the summer.

6. Talking about Now

1. 2072 Partial B Q.No. 10

Change these sentences as given in the example. [5]

Example: *Somebody is watching us.*

We are being watched.

a. Nobody is giving us money.

b. A policeman is questioning the man.

c. Is anyone reading the book?

d. We are overtaking another car.

e. They are following us.

Ans: (a) We are not being given money. (b) The man is being questioned by a policeman. (c) Is the book being read? (d) Another car is being overtaken. (e) We are being followed.

2. 2070 Set B Supp Q.No. 10

Add an explanation to each of the remarks below saying what is happening. [5]

Example: *Pass me a paper handkerchief.*

My nose is running.

a. I'm afraid you can't use that room just now.

b. There is no need to worry about the children.

c. We need to have our roof repaired.

d. You'd better hurry up and eat that ice-cream.

e. Don't go out in your sandals.

Ans: (a) Someone is using the room. (b) Joan is looking after the children. (c) It's leaking. (d) The ice cream is melting. (e) It is pouring with rain.

3. 2070 Partial Q.No. 8

Change the following sentences as in the example: [5]

Example: *Somebody is watching us.*

We're being watched.

a. A man is feeding the tigers.

b. Is anyone using this room?

c. Another car is overtaking us.

d. Someone's following us.

e. Some men are pulling down the house.

Ans: (a) The tigers are being fed. (b) Is the room being used? (c) We are being overtaken by another car. (d) We are being followed. (e) The house is being pulled down.

4. 2069 Partial Q. No. 8

Change the following sentences as shown in the example.

[5×1=5]

Example: We are being watched.

Somebody is watching us.

- The children are being looked after.
- The cows are being fed.
- The prisoner is not being guarded.
- Is the tea being made?
- The car isn't being used today.

Ans: (a) Somebody is looking after the children. (b) Somebody is feeding the cows. (c) Nobody is guarding the prisoner. (d) Is anybody making the tea? (e) Nobody is using the car today.

5. 2066 Q.No. 9

Change these sentences as given in the example:

[5]

Example: Somebody's watching us.

We're being watched.

- Nobody's giving us money.
- A policeman is questioning the men.
- Is anyone reading the book?
- We're overtaking another car.
- They're following us.

Ans: (a) We aren't being given money. (b) The men are being questioned. (c) Is the book being read? (d) Another car is being overtaken. (e) We're being followed.

6. 2062 Q. No. 8

Add an explanation to each of the remarks below saying what is happening:

[5]

Example: Don't go out in your sandals: It's pouring with rain.

- Pass me a paper handkerchief.
- I'm afraid you can't use that room just now.
- We need to have our roof repaired.
- You'd better hurry up and eat the ice cream.
- There's no need to worry about the children.

Ans: (a) My nose is running; (b) It's being redecorated (c) It's leaking; (d) It's melting (e) They are being looked after.

7. 2062 Q. No. 11

Change the following sentences as shown in the example.

[5]

Example: We are being watched.

Somebody is watching us.

- The children are being looked after.
- The cows are being fed.
- The prisoner is not being guarded.
- Is the tea being made?
- The car is not being used today.

Ans: (a) Somebody is looking after the children. (b) Somebody is feeding the cows. (c) Nobody is guarding the prisoner. (d) Is anybody making the tea? (e) Nobody is using the car today.

8. 2059 Q. No. 8

Change the following sentences as shown in the example:

[5]

Example: *Somebody's watching us.*

We're being watched.

- Someone's following us.
- Some men are pulling down the house.
- Another car's overtaking us.
- Someone's looking after the children.
- Two policemen are questioning the man.

Ans: (a) We're being followed. (b) The house is being pulled down. (c) We are being overtaken by another car. (d) The children are being looked after. (e) The man is being questioned by two policemen.